



# '12년 제3차 경찰공무원(순경) 채용시험 문제

- 일반공채 · 전의경 특채 -

【영 어】

응시번호 :

이름 :

1. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 옳은 것은?

His résumé must be impressive \_\_\_\_\_ to compel the reviewer to call him.

- ① fully                                  ② very  
③ quite                                 ④ enough

2. 다음 보기 중 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

It is controversial whether nuclear weapons actually prevent war.

- ① extraordinary                      ② debatable  
③ invincible                            ④ vulnerable

3. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 옳은 것은?

Jane went to the movies, \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① and did her sister so  
② and so did her sister  
③ but her sister went there also  
④ such went also her sister

4. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 옳은 것은?

My grandparents' wedding picture was so old that I could barely \_\_\_\_\_ their faces.

- ① turn in                                ② take over  
③ make out                              ④ work out

5. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 옳은 것은?

Because the university is in a financially \_\_\_\_\_ position, the salaries of faculty members are reduced by 30%.

- ① congested                            ② meticulous  
③ suitable                               ④ precarious

6. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 옳은 것은?

Jim \_\_\_\_\_ after he broke his favorite toy by accident.

- ① was in seventh heaven  
② called it a day  
③ felt at home  
④ had on a long face

7. 주어진 설명이 뜻하는 단어로써 예문의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 옳은 것은?

설명 : The state of being detained or held under guard, especially by the police.

예문 : The police took the robbery suspect into \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① custody                                ② relief  
③ justice                                 ④ exile

8. 다음 빈 칸에 순서대로 들어갈 말로 가장 옳은 것은?

내가 학교 다닐 때 중국어를 배웠더라면, 이 문장이 무슨 뜻인지 이해할 수 있을 텐데.

→ If I \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese when I \_\_\_\_\_ at school, I \_\_\_\_\_ what this sentence means now.

- ① had studied, had been, could have understood  
② studied, was, could have understood  
③ had studied, was, could understand  
④ studied, had been, could understand

9. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 옳은 것은?

Mike \_\_\_\_\_ his basketball team with his incredible buzzer beater, which paved the way to their advance to the regional final.

- ① bailed out                            ② ruled out  
③ turned out                           ④ swept out

10. 다음 보기 중 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

Slippery Jordan, the infamous pickpocket, was back at work, and every detective had to be especially vigilant.

- ① notorious                              ② heedless  
③ careful                                 ④ inadvertent

11. 다음 우리말을 영작한 것 중 가장 옳은 것은?

- ① 음주는 사람들의 건강에 부정적으로 영향을 미친다.  
→ Drinking adversely effects people's health.  
② 안전에 대해서는 아무리 주의를 기울여도 지나치지 않다.  
→ You cannot be too careful when it comes to safety.  
③ 심하게 부서진 창문 때문에 돈이 많이 들었다.  
→ My badly damaging windows cost me a lot of money.  
④ 그 학교는 그 마을의 북쪽에 위치하고 있다.  
→ The school locates north of the town.

12. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 단어의 짝으로 가장 옳은 것은?

A : Sir, Now you are under arrest according to the article of 212, criminal procedure law.

B : What? I'm innocent.

A : You have the right to \_\_\_\_\_ a lawyer while you are being questioned.

And you have the right to \_\_\_\_\_ silent.

- ① hire - defer                            ② help - remain  
③ hold - keep                            ④ hire - remain

13. 다음 중 어법에 맞는 표현을 골라 가장 바르게 연결한 것은?

Smoking is ① prohibited / prohibiting in all Smithsonian facilities. Pets are not permitted in the museums of the National Zoo. The use of cameras and video cameras ② is / are permitted in all permanent collection galleries except in special exhibition areas. However, flash photography is not permitted inside museums ③ unless / if permission is granted by the Public Affairs Office.

- ① prohibited - is - unless                                  ② prohibited - are - unless  
③ prohibiting - are - if                                      ④ prohibiting - is - if

14. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 옳은 것은?

When someone you know becomes ill, try to avoid physical contact with that person. If you get sick yourself, keep your towels and dishes separate from everyone else's. Try not to touch things that belong to others. Don't touch other people, and don't shake hands. Explain why, \_\_\_\_\_ ; you don't want people to think you are impolite.

- ① therefore                                ② however  
③ thus                                       ④ furthermore



15. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 옳은 것은?

Baseball is one of the most widely watched and played sports in the world, ranking with football(soccer) and basketball in terms of the number of countries in which it is played and the number of people who take part in the game. The game - originally known as "townball" - developed in the early nineteenth century in the northeastern United States. It borrowed from the English games of cricket and rounders, and from children's games such as "one old cat." In the 1840s, Alexander Cartwright standardized the field dimensions in use today. In 1858, sportswriter Henry Chadwick wrote the first rule book. Union soldiers helped spread the popularity of the game during the Civil War(1861-1865).

- ① The origin of baseball
- ② The prospect of baseball
- ③ The popularity of baseball
- ④ The rule of baseball

16. 다음 글의 내용과 가장 일치하는 것은?

The powers given by the state to the police to use force have always caused concerns. Although improvements have been made to control corruption, numerous opportunities exist for deviant and corrupt practices. The opportunity to acquire power in excess of that which is legally permitted or to misuse power is always available. The police subculture is a contributing factor to these practices, because officers who often act in a corrupt manner are frequently overlooked, and their behavior condoned by other members of the subculture. One step in the right direction, however, is the monitoring and control of the police and the appropriate use of police style to enforce laws and to provide services to the public.

- ① 제도와 감시체계의 발달로 경찰부패문제는 완전히 해소되었다.
- ② 관련 법률의 미비가 경찰부패의 원인중 하나이다.
- ③ 경찰은 때때로 부패에 연루되기 쉬운 것이 사실이다.
- ④ 경찰과 범죄자들의 유착이 경찰부패의 원인이라 보는 시각이 존재한다.

17. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 옳은 것은?

Variations in population size require some explanation. Generally speaking, the balance of four processes determines whether a population size increases, decreases or remains constant. These processes are: birth, death, immigration into the population and emigration from the population.

- ㉠ Usually, the rise and fall of population is not predictable because of the varied interactions among death, emigration, birth, and immigration.
  - ㉡ Death and emigration reduce population size, whereas birth and immigration increase population size.
  - ㉢ Therefore, populations are difficult to measure at any point in time and their change over time even more difficult to forecast.
- ① ㉠ - ㉡ - ㉢
  - ② ㉠ - ㉢ - ㉡
  - ③ ㉡ - ㉠ - ㉢
  - ④ ㉡ - ㉢ - ㉠

18. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 Babylonia에 대한 설명으로 가장 옳은 것은?

After the fall of the city of Ur in 2000 B.C., many cities of Mesopotamia were ruled by the Amorites, whose two strongholds were the cities of Isin and Larsa. In 1763 B.C. Larsa fell to a great army led by Hammurabi(1792-1750 B.C.). The new ruler gave the kingdoms of Sumer and Akkad a name, Babylonia. The city of Babylon had magnificent temples and palaces. People entered the city through eight great bronze gates. The most magnificent one was the Ishtar Gate, which was decorated with shiny, patterned bricks and pictures of lions, bulls, and dragons. Babylon's winding, narrow streets were lined with houses. Most had a courtyard with rooms around it. The city walls had gates, around which traders set up markets. Traders and merchants from as far as Syria, Assyria, and the kingdoms of the Persian Gulf traveled to trade at the markets. The Babylonians produced written records by carving picture symbols onto clay tablets. In addition to being a great center of trade, Babylon became an academic center.

- ① 도시 중앙에 넓은 직선 도로가 있었다.
- ② 8개의 철문을 통해 사람들이 통행했다.
- ③ 걸프 만에 있는 왕국까지 상인들을 내보냈다.
- ④ 무역뿐만 아니라 학문의 중심지가 되었다.

[19-20] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Mobile learning, also known as m-learning, is a type of distant education that allows people to learn from curriculum presented on mobile devices. M-learning often supplements traditional classroom instruction or e-learning instruction and gives students access to educational materials from nearly any location. Frequent use of mobile devices has prompted the development of this alternative education format. With m-learning technology, instructors can create educational podcasts and audio lectures. Students can download this material onto their digital audio players for review at any time. Various mobile devices can be used to view video lectures and demonstrations. This technology also creates opportunities for students to share files and collaborate through instant messages. A smartphone is ㉠ mobile technology for m-learning. Students can download educational pictures and audios on the same device that allows them to e-mail their instructors. Smartphones are equipped with advanced browsers that let students view rich multimedia contents to supplement their education. These phones also have high storage capabilities to store downloaded contents for offline mobile learning.

19. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 옳은 것은?

- ① On-line Learning vs. Off-line Learning
- ② What Is M-Learning?
- ③ Smartphone, A New Device for M-Learning
- ④ Technology and Distant Education

20. 위 글의 빈 칸 ㉠에 문맥상 가장 옳은 것은?

- ① most accessible
- ② most advanced
- ③ light-weight
- ④ all-in-one