

영 어

※ 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것을 고르시오. [문 1 ~ 문 2]

- 문 1. The number of people ① taking cruises ② continue to rise and ③ so does the number of complaints about cruise lines. Sufficient ④ information is still missing.

- 문 2. There's an old joke told by a comic, ① who referred to his accommodations from the previous night by saying, "What a hotel! The towels were so big and fluffy I ② could hardly close my suitcase." Over the last few years, the moral dilemma ③ faced hotel guests has changed. These days, the question of whether to remove the towels from their room has been replaced by the question of whether to re-use the towels ④ during the course of their stay.

※ 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [문 3 ~ 문 4]

- 문 3. Cherries have anti-inflammatory compounds that can _____ arthritis and gout, and new research now suggests they may also be the answer to a good night's sleep.

- ① muddle ② alleviate
③ transpire ④ exacerbate

- 문 4. The objects of satire are usually powerful and influential people or institutions such as those in religion, politics, or business. Such individuals and institutions are normally respected, admired, or feared by most people. The satirist, however, finds in them sufficient flaws to make them the objects of _____.

- ① derision ② delusion
③ deviation ④ decadence

문 5. 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 가장 가까운 것은?

What's more amazing is that the gnarled trees sprout from rocks.

- ① tenacious ② cracked
③ twisted ④ wicked

문 6. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Most research has suggested that marital satisfaction follows the U-shaped configuration. Specifically, marital satisfaction begins to decline just after the marriage, and it continues to fall until it reaches its lowest point following the births of the couple's children. However, at that point, satisfaction begins to grow, eventually returning to the same level that it held before the marriage. Middle-aged couples cite several sources of marital satisfaction. For instance, both men and women typically state that their spouses are "their best friends," and that they like their spouses as people. They also view marriage as a long-term commitment and agree on their aims and goals. Finally, most also feel that their spouses have grown more interesting over the course of the marriage.

- ① Painful Memories of Marriage
② From Full House to Empty Nest
③ The Ups and Downs of Marriage
④ The Components of a Happy Life

문 7. 우리말을 영어로 잘못 옮긴 것은?

- ① 밭에서 재배한 농산물은 시장에 출하되었다.
→ Produce from the fields was taken to market.
② 연어는 비록 바닷물에서 살아가지만 민물에서 알을 낳고 죽는다.
→ Salmon lay their eggs and die in freshwater although they live in salt water.
③ 제비들은 둥지를 만들기 위하여 자신들의 부리를 바늘처럼 사용한다.
→ To build their nests, swallows use their bills as needles.
④ 만년필은 약 백 년 전에 처음으로 상업적으로 활용 가능하게 되었다.
→ Fountain pens first became commercially available about a hundred years ago.

문 8. 다음 우리말을 영어로 가장 잘 옮긴 것은?

어제 시장에서 쇼핑을 할 때 나는 최근 몇 주 동안 많은 품목들의 가격이 올랐다는 것을 알았다.

- ① While I was shopping at the market yesterday, I realized that the prices of many items have been risen in recent weeks.
② My shopping at the market yesterday let me know that many items' prices had been risen many times before for the last several weeks.
③ Yesterday's shopping at the market realized me that many items have become too expensive in several weeks.
④ When I shopped at the market yesterday, I realized that the prices of many items had risen in recent weeks.

문 9. 두 사람의 대화 중 자연스럽지 않은 것은?

- ① A: There's something really bothering me.
B: Get it off your chest. It'll make you feel better.
- ② A: Oh, you're chewing your fingernails.
B: Well, I didn't know that. I'm a little on edge right now.
- ③ A: Fill it up with unleaded, please.
B: Shall I also check the oil and the tires?
- ④ A: He's seventy years old, so he's over the hill now.
B: I wouldn't go that slow. That's too dangerous.

문 10. 대화의 흐름으로 보아, 밑줄 친 곳에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은?

A: The deadline is coming. We need to work as a team.
B: Why don't you delegate each person with a task?
A: I'm a step ahead of you. Here's the list of our responsibilities.
B: Wow, you're really on top of things.
A: We all need to _____ to get the job done.
B: Let's get started now!

- ① make a fortune
② spare no efforts
③ pull a long face
④ take a rain check

문 11. 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것을 모두 고른 것은?

At one time there was nothing unusual about later motherhood. In many families, sibling births ㉠ spanning a generation, and grandchildren were often similar in age to their parents' younger brothers and sisters. The medical perspective on later motherhood tends to be problem-centered. 'Elderly' pregnant mothers ㉡ are seen purely in terms of ㉢ increased risks to themselves and their infants. Psychological research of women who become mothers later than usual ㉣ are scarce, but those that are available suggest they ㉤ have qualities which make them just as good, though different from their younger counterparts.

- ① ㉠, ㉡
② ㉠, ㉢
③ ㉡, ㉣
④ ㉡, ㉣, ㉤

문 12. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

If you had to guess what genderlects are, based on what you know about dialects, you would probably figure out that genderlects are different ways of talking for males and females. There are some small differences between boys and girls — girls tend to be slightly more talkative and affiliative in their speech (affiliative speech is talk intended to establish and maintain relationships). But much of the research has been conducted with White, middle-class children and the results do not necessarily hold for other groups and cultures. For example, some research reports that girls are more likely to cooperate and to talk about caring, whereas boys are more competitive and talk about rights and justice. But other studies have found that African American girls are just as likely as boys to compete and talk about their rights in conversations.

- ① There are some cultural differences in genderlects.
② White, middle-class boys tend to talk more than girls.
③ Affiliative speech is formal talk in public presentations.
④ African American boys are more competitive than African American girls when talking.

※ 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오. [문 13 ~ 문 15]

문 13.

An earthquake is simply an unannounced convulsion. It is like performing a Shakespearean tragedy that begins absurdly in the fifth act; after 15 seconds, Hamlet and the others lie dying, and the stage is covered with blood and debris. For many years one may have lived on top of the San Andreas fault and made doomy jokes about it; it is like having a violent beast in the basement, knowing that one day it may burst up through the living room floor. But there is no preparation for the moment. Only certain animals feel premonitory vibrations undetectable to humans. They grow skittish. Horses glare with wild panicked eyes.

- ① Hamlet is found dying in the fifth act of *Hamlet*.
② A violent beast lived in the San Andreas a long time ago.
③ There is no knowing when the next earthquake is occurring.
④ Some animals can detect a presage of the earthquake.

문 14.

Traditional Korean houses can be structured into an inner wing (*anchae*) and an outer wing (*sarangchae*). The individual layout largely depends on the region and the wealth of the family. Whereas aristocrats used the outer wing for receptions, poor people kept cattle in the *sarangchae*. The wealthier a family, the larger the house. However, it was forbidden to any family except for a king to have a residence of more than 99 *kan*. A *kan* is the distance between two pillars used in traditional houses. The inner wing consisted of a living room, a kitchen and a wooden-floored central hall. More rooms may be attached to this. Poor farmers would not have any outer wing. Floor heating (*ondol*) has been used in Korea for centuries. The main building materials are wood, clay, tile, stone and thatch. Because wood and clay were the most common materials used in the past, not many old buildings have survived into present times.

- ① There was a kitchen in the inner wing.
- ② Cattle could be kept in the outer wing.
- ③ Only a king could have a residence of 100 *kan*.
- ④ Poor people were not permitted to have the outer wing.

문 15.

A hospice is a special program for the terminally ill. It may be housed in medical centers, but it can also exist on its own. Hospice care neither hastens nor postpones death. Simply put, its goal is to improve the quality of life for those who are dying. A trained staff, supportive volunteers, pleasant surroundings, and a sense of community all help patients cope with anxiety about death. Relatives and friends, even pets, are all allowed to visit a hospice resident at any time. Patients at a hospice make their own decisions about medical treatment and the use of drugs. If they wish, they can reject both. But they can also receive drugs for pain control if they choose. Within the hospice setting, life goes on for the dying.

- ① A hospice is a special program for those who are dying of a terminal illness.
- ② Patients at a hospice should take medication as prescribed by their doctors.
- ③ Hospice care does not lengthen the life span of a terminally ill patient.
- ④ Hospice patients are allowed to take painkillers if they want.

문 16. 다음 글의 내용으로 추론할 수 있는 것은?

While waiting for your scheduled flight out of town, you can be tempted to get "bumped" from an overbooked flight. Many people think that if you have a few magazines to read and can catch a later flight, volunteering to be bumped is a very lucrative arrangement. However, airlines are no longer as generous as they once were. Compensation for volunteers often amounts only to "free flight" vouchers that are full of restrictions. It may be wiser to request dollar-amount vouchers, which usually are not subject to blackout dates and have fewer limitations.

- ① Overbooking is an airline industry's unrealistic practice to give hardship to clients.
- ② Dollar-amount vouchers have many limitations compared with free-flight vouchers.
- ③ Airlines used to offer additional benefits to passengers who volunteered to be bumped.
- ④ Volunteering to be bumped means that you have to spend several days reading magazines.

문 17. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

Have you seen that something new has been added to your phone book? The new Pacific Telephone Directory has a special Survival Guide. The Survival Guide gives basic step-by-step instructions for dealing with various types of emergencies. It gives you directions for calling for help and what to do until the help arrives. It was written and edited through the cooperative efforts of Pacific Telephone, and the State of California, and medical and emergency service staff. You and your family are urged to read this Guide carefully and learn what to do in emergency situations before they happen. Separately bound copies or extra copies are printed in English, Spanish, or Chinese. These are now available to you.

- ① Both medical and emergency experts work with Pacific Telephone.
- ② It is important to cooperate with Pacific Telephone in emergency situations.
- ③ The State of California is working hard to enhance the quality of its telephone service.
- ④ A special Survival Guide has been included in your telephone book to assist you in emergency situations.

문 18.

① precarious ② cheapest
③ reckless ④ ideal

문 19.

- ① a vast nursery
- ② iceberg-filled waters
- ③ the sunlit summer home
- ④ a newly constructed place

문 20.

① chance ② survival
③ trade-offs ④ thoughtfulness