

영 어

81. 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 가까운 것은?

We are so pleased to consign everything including shipment to your company.

- ① consecrate    ② comply    ③ consolidate  
④ compare    ⑤ commit

82. A, B에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

The applicant was so ( A ) as he approached the interview that his hands were ( B ) and his knees shook.

- ① A: afraid    B: agitated  
② A: impressed    B: clean  
③ A: depressed    B: adopted  
④ A: nervous    B: clammy  
⑤ A: enthralled    B: credulous

83. 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 가까운 것은?

Any show of emotion would be construed as a weakness.

- ① built    ② proposed    ③ interpreted  
④ ignored    ⑤ forbidden

84. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

A long narrow place that is filled with water and is created by people so that vessels can pass through is ( ).

- ① brook    ② sea    ③ canal  
④ valley    ⑤ stream

85. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

People who use their desk-top computers for writing can become almost hypnotized by the unbroken succession of letters and text; in such cases, a computer video game can supply a welcome ( ).

- ① diversion    ② look ahead  
③ insight    ④ handicap  
⑤ predicament

86. 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

Whether the drug machines gain as much acceptance as ATMs remains to see. That concern is that the machines cut out the normal consultation between pharmacists and patients, and they could mistakenly dispense the wrong package.

- ① Whether  
② remains to see  
③ cut out  
④ between pharmacists and patients  
⑤ mistakenly dispense

87. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

An unsuspecting Western man usually falls in love after a few gushing email exchanges with a false identity posted on a website and ( ) to wire for a ticket to visit him.

- ① persuades    ② persuaded  
③ has persuaded    ④ is persuaded  
⑤ was persuading

88. 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

- ① Caught in the hurricane, the ship sent an SOS signal.
- ② When taking a bath, don't use a hair dryer.
- ③ The president being absent, the monthly meeting was postponed.
- ④ Sit upright with your legs crossed.
- ⑤ Being no seat in the bus, we kept standing all the way.

89. 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

- ① Immunity is the power of the body to resist and overcome infection.
- ② The harbor should be enough spacious for ships to maneuver.
- ③ Shopping in the downtown area of the city has improved a lot in recent years.
- ④ It is certain that the instructor has not yet decided when the paper is due.
- ⑤ The box on the table can be opened only with a special driver.

90. 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

- ① My dad has such big feet that he can't find shoes to fit.
- ② Employees were informed of Mr. Kim that they could leave work early because of the holiday.
- ③ They were believed to be the best couple in the dancing party.
- ④ Could you tell me what the weather is like at the moment?
- ⑤ The mayor promised the parents to supply the textbooks for their children.

91. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

Mr. Kim has been sick since he ( ) smoking.

- ① had started                      ② is starting
- ③ will start                        ④ starts
- ⑤ started

92. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

It is hard to imagine a compartmentalizer—a person who sees everything in black and white with no shades of gray—ever ( ) successful in the overwhelmingly ambiguous process of learning a second language.

- ① be                                  ② been
- ③ being                              ④ to be
- ⑤ to have been

93. 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

If the ice sheet of Antarctica, now largely unaffected, begins to melt, the next few centuries could see a six-foot rise in sea levels, forcing tens of millions of people out of their homes.

- ① largely unaffected              ② to melt
- ③ six-foot                            ④ tens of millions
- ⑤ their homes

94. 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

- ① It is not what he says that annoys me but the way he says it.
- ② It is one thing to be learned; it is quite other to be wise.
- ③ The speed of light is faster than that of sound.
- ④ It is Jack who is to blame.
- ⑤ The gentleman is a friend of mine.

95. 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

Flowers can now travel long distances thanks to air freight and high-tech cooling systems. Even the most delicate orchid can ship to arrive fresh in most places on Earth.

- ① travel                      ② thanks to  
③ the most                    ④ ship  
⑤ most places

96. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

It is natural to make mistakes when you learn something new. We can learn from our mistakes. (        ), do not worry about taking risks.

- ① In other words              ② In addition  
③ However                      ④ Fortunately  
⑤ On the other hand

97. A, B, C에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

May I ask a   A   of you?  
= I would like to make a   B  .  
= Will you   C   me a favor?

- ① A: favor              B: request              C: do  
② A: favor              B: favor                  C: show  
③ A: favor              B: request                C: give  
④ A: request            B: favor                  C: send  
⑤ A: request            B: request                C: provide

98. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

At no time during the experiment (        ) the subject make contact with the outside world.

- ① had    ② do    ③ has    ④ is    ⑤ can

99. 밑줄 친 부분의 해석이 옳지 않은 것은?

- ① I met my old friend out of the blue.  
= I suddenly met my old friend.  
② I had to take the second job to make both ends meet.  
= I had to allow two things to meet together.  
③ The manager gave us the green light for the new project.  
= The manager let us start the project.  
④ I've kind of got my hands full right now.  
= I am very busy doing my job right now.  
⑤ After the car accident, his nose was black and blue for days.  
= His nose was dark and bruised from being hit.

100. 어법상 ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

Pure water is (        ) found in nature because water is an excellent solvent for many minerals.

- ① not to                      ② nor                      ③ never  
④ neither                    ⑤ no

101. 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 가까운 것은?

A: Is Lucy here?  
B: No, she isn't. What time is it?  
A: It's 4:00.  
B: She usually comes here at this time.

- ① Do you have time?  
② Do you have a good watch?  
③ Do you know her job?  
④ Do you have the time?  
⑤ Do you know her name?

102. 대화의 내용이 어법상 자연스럽지 않은 것은?

- ① A: May I help you?  
B: No, thanks. I'm just browsing.
- ② A: Do you play the guitar a lot?  
B: Not any more. I used to when I was young.
- ③ A: You don't like shopping very much, do you?  
B: Yes, not at all.
- ④ A: You like guys who are handsome and intelligent.  
B: Who doesn't? I hope I could meet one of them.
- ⑤ A: What's the noise? It sounds like an avalanche!  
B: It can't be. There aren't any mountains nearby.

103. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

A: Look at those homeless people on the streets.  
B: I wish there is a way to ( ) poverty.

- ① stamp out                      ② be familiar with  
③ go through with              ④ muster up  
⑤ get wind of

104. 빈 칸에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

A: Where did you meet him?  
B: At a dating website on the internet.  
A: \_\_\_\_\_  
B: Well, he works for a company that makes computers.

- ① Do you know what he likes?  
② What's he like?

- ③ Do you know how he looks?  
④ What does he do?  
⑤ Where does he live?

105. 빈 칸에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

A: I'm going to go to Thailand.  
B: That's great!  
\_\_\_\_\_  
A: I'm not sure. I'll probably stay about a week.

- ① When are you going to leave?  
② What kind of trip are you going to take?  
③ Why are you going to go there?  
④ Where are you going to stay?  
⑤ How long are you going to stay?

106. 빈 칸에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

A: So, which jacket are you going to buy?  
B: Well, I like the black one a lot, but I also like the red one. I really can't decide which one I like better.  
\_\_\_\_\_  
A: It's your choice.

- ① Do you really think so?  
② What do you think?  
③ Do you really agree with me?  
④ Are you wearing a jacket?  
⑤ How do you get that?

107. 빈 칸에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

A: I like to collect things. I have a huge stamp collection.

B: \_\_\_\_\_ I'd like to see it sometime.

A: Well, why don't we get together tomorrow? I can show it to you then.

B: Sounds good.

- ① No kidding?
- ② You're absolutely right.
- ③ Yes, I'm fine.
- ④ Oh, finally I have it.
- ⑤ Wow, anything else?

108. 밑줄 친 관용어와 의미가 가까운 것은?

A: How about a surprise party for the boss at my house?

B: That's a good idea. Whom should we invite?

A: Let's invite everyone in the office.

B: Terrific. But we've got to make sure that no one spills the beans.

- ① reveals a secret by accident
- ② is afraid or cowardly
- ③ goes crazy or becomes silly
- ④ is in a dilemma
- ⑤ forgets the promise

109. 빈 칸에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

A: Would you like me to call you a taxi?

B: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① No, it's not far. Thanks.
- ② Yes, I will call you later.
- ③ You're welcome.
- ④ No, I left mine at home.
- ⑤ Sorry, we are fully booked.

110. 빈 칸에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

A: Excuse me. \_\_\_\_\_

B: Hmm... Go up this street and turn left on East Street. Walk three more blocks. Tom's Coffee Shop is on the right. You can't miss it.

A: Thank you.

- ① Whom are you going to meet at Tom's Coffee Shop?
- ② Have you ever been to Tom's Coffee Shop?
- ③ When do you get to Tom's Coffee Shop?
- ④ Would you show me the way to Tom's Coffee Shop?
- ⑤ What are you doing at Tom's Coffee Shop?

111. 빈 칸에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

A: Would you mind turning the television off?

B: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Of course not.
- ② That's incredible.
- ③ I can't understand.
- ④ You can say that again.
- ⑤ What have you been up to?

112. 다음 글의 제목으로 적합한 것은?

It was the duty of the artists to celebrate the community in its present oneness, in its divine past, and in its glorious future. Thus they invented dances and rituals for the groups, they retold the stories of its gods and heroes, they fashioned their images, and they persuaded the group that they were reenacting the lives of the gods, who would some day return and re-institute the golden age. Thus the artists played a recognized part in the daily life of the people.

- ① Artists' Private Resources
- ② Artists' Public Functions
- ③ How Artists Are Born
- ④ Artists Are Made, Not Born
- ⑤ Artists' Private Role

113. 다음 (A) ~ (E) 중 지시하는 대상이 다른 하나는?

What do Gen-Z members think about marketing companies knowing so much about (A)them? Are (B)they worried about losing their privacy? Not many seem to be very worried about (C)their knowing. Rather this generation is more concerned about keeping (D)their privacy information from their parents. (E)They know how to limit what their parents can see on the social networking sites.

- ① (A)them      ② (B)they      ③ (C)their
- ④ (D)their      ⑤ (E)They

114. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

A tremendous explosion apparently fueled by a ruptured gas line tore through a San Francisco suburb Thursday night, destroying about 20 homes and critically injuring a number of people, the authorities said. The blast occurred in San Bruno, about 8 miles south of San Francisco, and was so loud and devastating that some officials initially suspect that a plane had smashed into the neighborhood. Towers of flames shot 50 feet into the sky and a plume of ash-colored smoke hovered over the area. Aerial footage showed multiple cars on fire and several homes completely consumed by a blazing fireball that stretched across an entire street. The explosion erupted about 6 p.m. on a hillside near Interstates 280 and 380, in a residential area about two miles west of San Francisco International Airport.

- ① 샌프란시스코 교외 지역에서 목요일에 발생한 사고에 대한 설명이다.
- ② 처음에 비행기가 주택가에 충돌하면서 사고를 유발하였다.
- ③ 사고 지점은 샌프란시스코 국제공항 서쪽 2마일 거리의 주택가이다.
- ④ 주택 20여 채가 파손되고 많은 사람이 중상을 입었다고 당국에서 발표하였다.
- ⑤ 화염이 50피트 높이로 공중에 치솟았고 인근 지역이 연기로 뒤덮였다.

115. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

While you'll never be able to anticipate every question you might be asked in an interview, you can get a head start by developing strong, concise answers to commonly used questions. The question, "Tell me about yourself", is often the opening question in an interview. It's also one of the most difficult questions if you're not prepared. Remember, the interviewer does not want to hear about your hometown or your hobby. This question calls for your one-minute commercial that summarizes your years of experience and skills and your personality in the contexts of the job for which you are interviewing. Get to the point and sell your professional self. Develop a few brief sentences that demonstrate you have what it takes to do the job—experience, proven results, and desire to contribute.

- ① 면접에서 예상되는 일반적인 질문에 대하여 사전에 준비하는 것은 도움이 된다.
- ② 면접 시 자기소개는 준비하지 않은 경우 가장 어려운 질문이 될 수도 있다.
- ③ 업무에 필요한 경험, 입증된 성과, 기여도가 있음을 보여주는 것이 좋다.
- ④ 자기소개 시 업무와 관련된 경험, 기술, 성격을 요약해서 언급하는 것이 좋다.
- ⑤ 면접 시 제한된 시간에 자신의 세세한 모든 면을 최대한 보여주는 것이 유리하다.

116. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Japanese-style conversations develop quite differently from Western-style conversations. And the difference isn't only in the languages. I realized that just as I kept trying to hold Western-style conversations even when I was speaking Japanese. A Western-style conversation between two people is like a game of tennis. If you agree with me, I don't expect you simply to agree and do nothing more. I expect you to add something—a reason for agreeing, another example, or an elaboration to carry the idea further. But I don't expect you always to agree. I am just as happy if you question me, or challenge me, or completely disagree with me. A Japanese-style conversation, however, is like bowling. You wait for your turn. And you always know your place in line. It depends on such things as whether you are older or younger, a close friend or a relative stranger to the previous speaker, in a senior or junior position, and so on.

- ① 일본식 대화법과 서구식 대화법의 차이는 언어의 상이함에서 비롯된다.
- ② 글쓴이는 일본어를 사용할 때에는 일본식 대화법으로, 영어를 사용할 때에는 서구식 대화법을 사용한다.
- ③ 서구식 대화법에서는 상대방의 의견에 동의하는 것이 일반적인 현상이다.
- ④ 서구식 대화법에서 대화 중 질문을 하거나 의문을 제기하면 상대방의 기분을 상하게 만들기 쉽다.
- ⑤ 일본식 대화법에서는 연령이나 신분에 따라 말하는 순서와 차례가 일반적으로 정해져 있다.

117. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

The color green can have very different meanings. In the past, being green was almost always something negative. For example, if you ride on a boat and feel seasick, your face may *look green*. Or if you are starting a new job, your boss may say you *are green*, which means that you don't have any experience. Now, however, green is usually good. *Being green* more often means doing good things for the environment. People who are good at growing plants have *a green thumb*. Many companies are *going green*, which means they are recycling more or are trying to use less energy. In fact, some companies are moving to new, *green* buildings, which may use solar power or grow plants on their roofs.

- ① 초록색은 영어에서 다중적인 의미로 쓰인다.
- ② 과거에는 초록색이 부정적인 의미로 사용되었다.
- ③ 오늘날 초록색은 환경 친화적인 의미를 가진다.
- ④ 식물을 잘 키우는 사람을 표현할 때에도 초록색의 의미를 사용한다.
- ⑤ 초록색은 경험이 풍부한 사람을 의미하기도 한다.

118. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 적절한 곳은?

These phrases can help you to manage our busy phone lines.

When you answer the telephone at SIMS Blood Bank, you are responsible for our public image. (①) It is important that you always use a friendly tone. (②) Be careful to direct callers to the appropriate extension. (③) No caller should ever be on hold for more than one minute. These helpful phrases will keep your phone interactions professional.

- 1. "You've reached SIMS Blood Center. How may I direct your call?"
- 2. "The party you are trying to reach is unavailable. May I transfer you to another line?"
- 3. "May I please put you on hold?"
- (④) If you receive too many calls, direct them to our messaging service. The service can be reached at 333-954-3854, extension 50. (⑤) However, you should only use the answering service in emergencies.



119. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Research has recently shown that college students can effectively learn as much, or more, from peers as they do from instructors. When students work in a study group, the experience can be a very powerful way to improve academic achievement and satisfaction with the learning experience. Recent interviews with college students revealed that nearly every senior who had been part of a study group considered this experience crucial to his or her academic progress and success.

- ① 최근 연구에 따르면 대학생들은 학우보다는 교사로부터 더 많이 배울 수 있다.
- ② 스터디 그룹을 통해 학업 성취를 이루기 어렵다.
- ③ 대학 졸업반 학생들은 자신의 성공과 진로를 위해 열심히 노력한다.
- ④ 스터디 그룹이 효과적으로 이루어지면, 학업 성취도와 만족도 향상에 큰 영향을 미칠 수 있다.
- ⑤ 최근 대학생들의 인터뷰에서 자신의 학업 성취와 성공을 가장 중요시하는 것으로 나타났다.

120. 다음 글의 주제로 적합한 것은?

In the new millennium, some parents are greatly relieved when their teenage children turn to a new fad, a temporary form of decorating the hands, feet, neck, or legs—Mehndi, a method of painting beautiful designs that last only about three weeks. This 'new' fad is actually very 'old'. For hundreds of years in India, a woman's friends have painted her to celebrate her wedding day. Another fad from India, however, causes parents more worry—Bidis. Children and young teens are attracted to these thin cigarettes in candy flavors such as orange, chocolate, mango, and raspberry.

- ① Meaning of Mehndi
- ② Meaning of Bidis
- ③ Fads from India
- ④ Woman's Fashion
- ⑤ The Beauty