⑤ 다차원척도법

영 Ю

## 81. 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 가장 가까운 것은?

She agreed to the plan of her own accord.

- 1 pleasantly
- 2 voluntarily
- 3 seriously
- 4 reluctantly
- ⑤ enthusiastically

## 82. 밑줄 친 단어와 의미가 가장 가까운 것은?

Mr. Kim was too obstinate to admit he had been wrong.

- 1 stubborn
- (2) insolvent
- (3) obscure
- 4 outstanding 5 inquisitive

#### 83. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

Styles are such transient things that what is up-to-date today will be ( ) tomorrow.

- 1 modern
- (2) fatal
- 3 archaic

- 4 strict
- (5) false

## 84. 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 가장 가까운 것은?

Paul was in a quiet and somber mood.

- 1 holy
- 2 dirty
- 3 bright

- (4) dismal
- (5) exuberant

## 85. 밑줄 친 단어와 의미가 가장 가까운 것은?

The widespread anticipation for bearish stock markets and deteriorating investors appetite for technology shares scaled down the amount of the concurrent dual listing in Korea and the United States, market watchers said.

- 1 ostensible
- 2 harmonious 3 dissenting

- 4 recurrent
- (5) simultaneous

#### 86. 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 가장 가까운 것은?

There's too much crime and gratuitous violence on TV.

- 1 unnecessary
- 2 intense
- (3) familiar
- 4 justified

(5) fake

## 87. 밑줄 친 부분의 동의어로 옳은 것은?

We have failed to perceive that the earth's biosphere bears the brunt of our technological advances because the technological revolution descended so precipitately.

- 1 opaquely
- 2 precariously
- 3 explicitly
- 4 suddenly
- ⑤ posthumously

#### 88. 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

<u>Since</u> Ms. Park worked all day <u>yesterday</u> to get these reports <u>to do</u>, she has <u>hardly</u> had time to recover from her long business trip.

- 1) Since
- ② yesterday
- 3 to do

- 4 hardly
- 5 to recover

## 89. 어법상 옳은 것은?

- 1 She felt that she could never to go home again.
- ② I must admit that I am not accustomed to speak to a machine.
- The manager said that the shop was not responsible for these types of complaints.
- 4 She objected to have to wait.
- 5 The most of us eat meat about once a week.

## 90. (A), (B), (C)의 각 괄호 안에서 어법에 맞는 낱 말로 옳은 것은?

The word metaphor comes from the Greek word metaphora (A) (deriving / derived) from meta meaning 'over', and pherein, 'to carry'. It refers to a particular set of linguistic processes whereby aspects of one object are 'carried over' or transferred to another object, so that the second object is spoken of as if it (B) (is / were) the first. There are various types of metaphor, and the number of 'objects' (C) (involving / involved) can vary, but the general procedure of 'transference' remains the same.

- ① (A): deriving, (B): were, (C): involving
- 2 (A): derived, (B): were, (C): involving
- 3 (A): deriving, (B): is, (C): involved
- 4 (A): derived, (B): is, (C): involving
- (5) (A): derived, (B): were, (C): involved

## 91. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

Mr. Scott's death on Saturday would have passed into the annals of history unremarked upon. ( ) a bystander not used a cellphone to document what happened after Mr. Scott encountered the police officer. Michael Slager. after routine traffic stop.

- ① had
- ② as
- 3 should

- 4 unless
- ⑤ if

## 92. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

Today's small, portable computers contrast markedly with the earliest electronic computers, which were ( ).

- 1 invaluable
- (2) flawless
- (3) expensive

- 4 efficient
- ⑤ enormous

## 93. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

Every day we use many things made in our own country from raw materials that are imported. Other countries have mineral and vegetable products that we do not have, and we ( ) for themselves. Some of our factories would have to close if we were not able to carry on international trade.

- 1 have some that they cannot supply
- 2 have none that they can supply
- 3 have some that they can supply
- 4 have any that they can supply
- 5 have not any that they can supply

## 94. 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

A strong man from the audience tries to lift a piano. He cannot, for it is weighed 1,000 kilos. But I clap my hands and the piano rises into the air. Our act finishes with a marvelous spectacle. A green light flashes and the orchestra plays a mysterious tune. Then a gray mist vanishes us, and we hide like ghosts.

- 1 tries to lift 2 is weighed 3 rises into
- (4) finishes (5) vanishes

# 95. 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것끼리 연결된 것은?

Supper should @be taken two hours before @going to asleep, @so that the stomach as well as the other parts of the body @has rest while we are @sleep.

- 1 a, b
- 2 a, c
- 3 b, e

- (4) (C), (d)
- (5) (d), (e)

## 96. ( ) 안에 들어갈 표현은?

- A: Would you like to play basketball with us this weekend?
- B: I'd love to, but I am really ( ). I haven't exercised much all winter.
- A: That's okay. None of us are professional.
- B: How often do you play?
- A: Every other Saturday.
- 1 out of order
- 2 out of shape
- 3 out of sight
- (4) out of mind
- (5) out of date

## 97. ( )에 알맞은 것은?

- A: Would you like to go out to dinner tonight?
- B: Sure. What would you like?
- A: Well, I heard you like Indian food.
- B: I love it, but I am not really in the mood for it today.
- A: Yeah. ( ), I guess. It's a bit spicy.
- B: Hmm. How do you like Korean food?
- A: Oh. I like it a lot.
- B: Terrific! Let's go!
- ① So do L
- ② Neither am I
- 3 Not much
- 4 Same to you
- 5 Never mind

## 98. 대화의 내용이 자연스럽지 않은 것은?

- 1 A: Porter, can you help me with my bags?
  - B: No problem, sir.
- 2 A: Isn't this weather great?
  - B: You're right. It isn't.
- 3 A: Would you like to see them in another size?
  - B: Yes, please.
- 4 A: How's your new job?
  - B: So-so.
- (5) A: I've had a terrible cough all week.
  - B: I'm sorry to hear that.

## 99. 밑줄 친 부분을 우리말로 바르게 옮긴 것은?

- A: Look at this. Some guy found \$750,000! He returned it and the owner thanked him with a phone call.
- B: You're kidding! If I found \$750,000, I wouldn't return it so fast.
- A: Why? What would you do?
- B: Well, I'd go straight to Las Vegas and try my luck in the casinos. I could double the money in a day and keep \$750,000 for myself.
- A: You might also lose it all in a day. And then you could go to jail.
- B: Hmm. You've got a point there.
- ① 너도 돈을 벌 수 있다.
- ② 내가 번 돈의 일부를 너에게 주겠다.
- ③ 말도 안 되는 소리 하지 마라.
- ④ 너는 늘 부정적으로 생각한다.
- ⑤ 네 말에 일리가 있다.

## 100. ( )에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

A: Why isn't Mark with you?

B: Well, it's all a bit complicated. But ( ), he had an accident and we had to take him to hospital.

- 1 to put it another way
- 2 to make things worse
- 3 to cut a long story short
- 4 to hear him talk
- 5 to do it on his own

## 101. 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 같은 표현을 고르시오.

Temporary teachers <u>fill in for</u> regular teachers during their absence, continuing the educational process for the students.

- 1 take care of
- 2 stand up for
- 3 look up to
- 4 cover for
- 5 compete with

## 102. 다음 대화의 ( )에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- A: Let's go to the park this Sunday.
- B: OK, but let's go in the afternoon. I wake up late on weekends.
- A: What time do you get up on Sundays?
- B: Around ten o'clock.
- A: Oh, that's early. On Sundays I get up at eleven.
- B: Do you eat brunch then?
- A: Sure. I do.
- B: OK, how about meeting at this restaurant at noon? ( )
- 1) They serve breakfast until eleven o'clock.
- 2 They serve brunch until two o'clock.
- 3 They don't serve brunch at all.
- 4 They don't serve lunch all day.
- 5 They don't serve breakfast at all.

## 103. 다음 대화의 빈 칸 ⓐ, ⓑ에 들어갈 말로 옳은 것은?

Tom: So what are you going to do after graduation, Mary?

Mary: Well, I've saved some money, and I think I'd really like to travel.

Tom: Lucky you. That sounds exciting!

Mary: Yeah. Then I plan to get a job and my own apartment.

Tom: Oh, you're not going to live with your parents?

Mary: No, <u>a</u> to live with my parents -<u>b</u> I start to work.

Tom: I know what you mean.

Mary: What about you, Tom? Any plans yet?

Tom: I'm going to get a job. I have to pay off my student loan!

- (1) (a): I want
- (b): after
- ② a: I don't want
- **b**: before
- ③ a: I want
- (b): before
- 4 a: I do want
- **b**: not after

- (5) (a): I don't want
- (b): not after

#### 104. 다음 속담에 관한 설명으로 옳은 것은?

A leopard cannot change its spots.

- ① 어른을 공경해야 한다.
- ② 방심은 금물이다.
- ③ 습관은 제2의 천성이다.
- ④ 지혜는 용맹을 이긴다.
- ⑤ 타고난 천성은 고칠 수 없다.

## 105. 빈 칸 @, ⑥에 들어갈 표현으로 옳은 것은?

- 1) (a): how old are you, (b): how old you are
- 2 a: how old you are, b: how old are you
- 3 a: how old you are, b: how you are old
- 4 a: how you are old, b: how old are you
- (5) (a): how you are old, (b): how old you are

## 106. ( )에 들어갈 옳은 표현을 보기에서 고르시오.

Technological progress is causing major changes in the occupational makeup of the nation's labor force. Rapid advances in the industrial applications of scientific knowledge and invention are making possible increasing use of automatic devices that operate the machinery and equipment used in manufacturing. ( the number of skilled and semiskilled workers is expected to continue to increase through the 2020s.

- 1 In addition
- ② As a result
- (3) For instance
- 4 Nevertheless
- ⑤ By all means

#### 107. ( )에 들어갈 단어로 옳은 것은?

In the 1970s, being able to take a picture and have it emerge, fully developed, straight out of the camera was something quite innovative. But in the 1990s, the arrival of digital cameras that could take excellent pictures capable of being e-mailed across the globe seriously ( ) the film processing industry.

- 1 enhanced 2 ameliorated 3 triggered
- 4 eroded 5 accelerated

## 108. 주어진 문장을 문맥에 따라 순서에 맞게 배열하시오.

I am confident that I would be a valuable asset to your company for the following reasons.

- A: Through these experiences, I have prepared myself to work at a global corporation.
- (B): I also have the relevant academic background and overseas experiences, including attending an exchange program and performing overseas volunteer work.
- ©: I have clear career goals and passion to achieve those goals.
- 2 A C B
- ③ B A C
- 4 B C A
- 5 C B A

#### 109. 우리말을 영어로 옮긴 문장 중에서 옳지 않은 것은?

- ① 귀하의 친절에 진심으로 감사드립니다. Please, accept my heartfelt thanks for your kindness.
- ② 앞으로 계속 승승장구하시기를 기원합니다. Best wishes for your continued success in the future.

- ③ 문의해 주셔서 다시 한 번 감사드립니다. 앞으로 저희가 귀하에게 도움이 되기를 바랍니다. Thank you again for your inquiry. We hope that we can be of service to you in the future.
- ④ 다음에 또 이용해주시기 바랍니다. We look forward to the possibility of serving you again.
- ⑤ 귀하와 서신을 주고받을 수 있는 기회를 얻게 되어 정말 기쁩니다.
  We are delightful to have this opportunity to correspond with you.

## 110. 다음 글에 관한 설명으로 옳은 것은?

Training is clearly a process by which the pupil is taught to perform an act by imitating the manipulations of the teacher. doing it over and over until the approaches perfection. Education, on the other hand, should acquaint the student with the ways of analyzing problems of all sorts and descriptions, so that his mind is keen to understand basic meanings and implications, and when he is faced one day by a problem he has never solved, or even seen before, he will be able to analyze the problem into its elements and proceed toward its solution. Education may use training extensively. You should not fall into believing you are well educated in a field when you are merely well trained.

- 1 Education is to become only a part of training.
- ② Education is to learn how to memorize problems, rather than to analyze them.
- 3 Education is to become acquainted with performing an act by imitation.
- 4 Education is to be keen to understand basic meanings and implications.
- (5) Education is to perform an act over and over until the act approaches perfection.

## 111. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

There are three basic reasons why it is very difficult just to sit back and listen. First, we are often so busy with our own thoughts and desires that we 90 percent percent sender and only 10 receiver. Second, some individuals are very self-centered. Instead of hearing what is being said, they are merely waiting for the speaker to finish early so that they can Third. then talk. some people allow themselves to analyze motives or personality traits of the person speaking and, again, fail to hear what is said.

- 1) We should speak to others politely.
- 2 We should analyze the way others speak.
- 3 We should express our thoughts and desires.
- 4 We should try to listen to what others say.
- 5 We should get our thoughts organized.

## 112. 어법상 옳은 것은?

- 1 I will reward whomever can solve this problem.
- ② They gradually became to enjoy their English lessons.
- 3 Though I understood what he said, I found it difficult to make myself understood.
- 4 When the time came to pay the bill, she had found her purse was stolen.
- 5 The rain prevented me to go to the party.

## 113. ( )에 들어갈 가장 적절한 단어를 고르시오.

To encourage its workforce to improve productivity in the workplace, the Korea Marine Construction was advised to ( ) diverse new incentive programs for its employees.

- 1 discontinue 2 institute 3 discard
- (4) cooperate (5) deduct

## 114. 지문을 읽고. ( )에 들어갈 단어를 고르시오.

Counting finally began in the chaotic election a few days after delays caused by security concerns and power outage. But there is a growing demand to declare the election ( ) as thousands were unable to vote.

- ① official
- ② justifiable
- ③ valid

- 4 void
- (5) legitimate

## 115. 다음 ( )에 알맞은 것은?

Today's buildings are different greatly from ( ).

- 1) the past
- 2 this of the past
- 3 that of the past
- 4 those of the past
- (5) those who from the past

## 116. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 내용은?

Personal space can be imagined as a kind of bubble surrounding a person that protects his or her privacy and which other people may not normally enter. The amount of space people need to feel comfortable is different from culture to culture. People from cultures that like a lot of personal space tend to feel ( ) when somebody comes too close to them. On the other hand, people who need less personal space are often offended when others seem to want to keep them at a distance.

- 1 awkward and embarrassed
- 2 excited and curious
- 3 stupid and exhausted
- 4 bored and depressed
- 5 comfortable and relaxed

## 117. 다음 문구가 사용되는 사례로 적절한 것은?

## DANGER. NOT TO BE TAKEN INTERNALLY.

- 1) On a tube of ointment
- 2 On a pile of papers
- 3 On a book in a library
- (4) On a carton of frozen food
- (5) On a bottle of pills

## 118. 다음 글의 내용으로 옳지 않은 것은?

The unemployment insurance program provides temporary and partial wage replacement to workers who have become unemployed through no fault of their own. The program is funded by employer paid taxes and provides benefits to those who meet the eligibility requirements of the Commonwealth Employment Security Act. The intent of the program is to aid in maintaining the economic stability within a community by safeguarding the income and purchasing power of the unemployed worker. The program is administered by the Division of Employment of the Ministry of Labor.

- 1 Taxes are levied on employers for the program.
- ② A woman who loses her job due to chronic lateness receives benefits.
- 3 The purpose of the program is to maintain economic stability.
- The Commonwealth Employment Security Act provides the eligibility requirements for the program.
- (5) The program is to protect the purchasing power of those who have lost their jobs.

## 119. 다음 글의 주제로 적합한 것은?

The study of nutrition – the science of food – helps us to understand the relationship between diet and health. When you eat more calories than you need, you gain weight. If you eat a bowl of ice cream or a piece of cake from time to time, the sugar and fat won't hurt your body. However, two bowls of ice cream with lunch and three pieces of cake before you go to bed is too much sugar and fat in one day. If you drink eight glasses of water every day, it's good for you, but it's not good to drink eight cups of coffee or eight cans of soda every day.

- 1) Effect of Diet on Health
- ② Study on Animal's Body
- 3 Good and Bad Sides of Food
- (4) Nutritionist and Dietician
- 5 Study on Science

#### 120. 아래 지문의 내용과 일치하는 것을 고르시오.

Dear Mr. Frye,

Your application for employment received in July and has been kept in active file. In the near future, there will be another position opening qu in our company. We would like to know if you wish to be considered for the position at that time. Please, contact us as soon as possible, and let us know if you are still interested in employment with us. We are looking forward to your favorable reply.

Sincerely,

Nick Caraway

Manager

Personal Department

- ① 제출된 입사지원서는 곧 반송될 예정이다.
- ② 지원자는 회사를 퇴직 후 재입사를 원하고 있다.
- ③ 인사담당자는 지원자에게 한 번 더 입사시험에 응시할 기회를 주려고 한다.
- ④ 모든 제출된 서류는 일회만 사용가능하여, 지원서를 다시 제출해야 한다.
- ⑤ 지원자는 지난 7월에 입사 후 곧 퇴사하였다.