

## 영 어

문 1. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

There still remain many issues \_\_\_\_\_ even after her lifelong devotion to the poor and helpless in this obscure village.

- ① having resolved                      ② resolve  
③ to be resolved                      ④ resolving

문 2. 밑줄 친 부분에 공통으로 들어갈 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- At the funeral, family members gave \_\_\_\_\_ to their emotions and cried openly.  
○ The result should in no \_\_\_\_\_ be seen as a defeat for the government.  
○ European companies are putting their money into Asia in a big \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① way                                      ② hand  
③ sense                                    ④ view

※ 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오. [문 3 ~ 문 4]

문 3.

One of the most beguiling aspects of cyberspace is that it offers the ability to connect with others in foreign countries while also providing anonymity.

- ① hospitality                              ② convenience  
③ disrespect                              ④ namelessness

문 4.

The injury may keep him out of football for good.

- ① permanently                              ② temporarily  
③ for getting well                              ④ for treatment

※ 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것을 고르시오. [문 5 ~ 문 6]

문 5.

Yesterday at the swimming pool everything seemed ① to go wrong. Soon after I arrived, I sat on my sunglasses and broke them. But my worst moment came when I decided to climb up to the high diving tower to see ② how the view was like. ③ Once I was up there, I realized that my friends were looking at me because they thought I was going to dive. I decided I was too afraid to dive from that height. So I climbed down the ladder, feeling very ④ embarrassed.

문 6.

Chile is a Latin American country ① where throughout most of the twentieth century ② was marked by a relatively advanced liberal democracy on the one hand and only moderate economic growth, ③ which forced it to become a food importer, ④ on the other.

문 7. 다음 우리말을 영어로 옮긴 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

그녀가 나한테 전화했을 때 비로소 그녀가 사무실에 없다는 것을 나는 알았다.

- ① I did not realize that she was in her office even when she called me.  
② She called and told me that she was not in her office.  
③ I had not realized she was not in her office until she called me.  
④ She did call me in order to let me know that she was not in her office.

문 8. 우리말을 영어로 잘못 옮긴 것은?

- ① 비가 그치면 나는 외출할 것이다.  
→ I will go out if the rain stops.  
② 네가 집에 오면 나는 그것을 이미 끝냈을 것이다.  
→ I will be finished it if you come home.  
③ 내가 기다린 지 한 시간 만에 그가 나타났다.  
→ I had waited for an hour before he appeared.  
④ 그는 3년 후에 대학을 졸업할 것이다.  
→ He will graduate from college in three years.

문 9. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

A: My sister will be coming into town next week.  
B: Is she the one who writes articles for the Financial Times?  
A: Right. Why don't you come over next Sunday to meet her?  
B: I'd love to, but I can't. \_\_\_\_\_  
A: Certainly. She'll be here for a week. So just let me know when you can come.  
B: Ok! I will be very interested in seeing her.

- ① I can't come up with anything about her.  
② Mind if I pick up the tab?  
③ It couldn't be better.  
④ Can you give me a rain check on that?

문 10. 다음 대화에서 고객이 컴퓨터 구입을 미룬 이유는?

A: I'm organizing my office and I need the latest computer model.  
 B: Yes, sir. Here is the best computer we have.  
 A: How much is it?  
 B: One thousand and five hundred dollars. But a complete set will cost about two thousand dollars.  
 A: Really? That's a little over my budget.  
 B: If you think it too expensive, you can wait till next week. We're going to offer 20% Christmas discount.  
 A: Really? That's nice! Maybe I can buy then. By the way, what does the set include?  
 B: It includes the basics: a monitor, disk drivers, a keyboard, and a mouse. It also includes a printer.  
 A: Oh, that's perfect. I'll take it next week.

- ① The computer is available only on Christmas.  
 ② The computer is not the latest model.  
 ③ He can get 20% off next week.  
 ④ The set doesn't include a printer.

※ 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 표현으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

[문 11 ~ 문 13]

문 11.

Human babies born with tails? That may sound like a headline from the *Weekly World News*, but it was the respected *New Scientist* magazine that recently published a cover story about the phenomenon of evolution '\_\_\_\_\_.' The author of "The Ancestor Within," Michael Le Page, cited the babies with tails as a likely example of atavism, a phenomenon in which ancestral traits suddenly reappear after thousands or even millions of years.

- ① going through                      ② moving forth  
 ③ running backward                ④ passing by

문 12.

Just last week a new study showed that in science tests, teenage boys who scored in the top 5% outnumbered girls 7 to 1, while girls outperformed boys in reading comprehension. In general, men as a group excel at tasks that involve orienting objects in space — like reading a map without having to turn it so it lines up with the road. Women, on the other hand, seem \_\_\_\_\_ communication, both verbal and nonverbal. Readings of MRI scans suggest one reason: women seem to have stronger connections between the two halves (hemispheres) of their brains.

- ① to avoid                              ② to be poor at  
 ③ to be passive to                    ④ to be more adept at

문 13.

The African slaves who provided most of the labor that built the White House never imagined that a black man would ever own embossed stationery that read "1600 Pennsylvania Avenue." Even the dreamer himself, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., might not have imagined that 40 short years after his murder, we would be planning an inauguration of the first man of African descent to \_\_\_\_\_ to the presidency. No minority of any ethnicity had ever looked beyond the \_\_\_\_\_ representation of a few Senators and seen anything that suggested that the doorknob of the Oval Office could be opened by anything other than the hand of a middle-aged white male.

- ① become — chosen                      ② ascend — scarce  
 ③ nominate — nominal                  ④ upgrade — illicit

※ 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [문 14 ~ 문 15]

문 14.

The definition of success for many people is one of acquiring wealth and a high material standard of living. It is not surprising, therefore, that people often value education for its monetary value. The belief is widespread that the more schooling people have, the more money they will earn when they leave school. This belief is strongest regarding the desirability of an undergraduate university degree, or a professional degree such as medicine or law. The money value of graduate degrees in 'nonprofessional' fields such as art, history, or philosophy is not as great.

In the past, it was possible for workers with skills learned in vocational schools to get a high-paying job without a college education. Increasingly, however, the advent of new technologies has meant that more and more education is required to do the work.

- ① The monetary value of education  
 ② Belief and success  
 ③ College degree and job market  
 ④ Higher education in the age of technology

문 15.

Astronomers today are convinced that people living thousands of years ago were studying the movement of the sky. Astronomers in those ancient cultures had no telescopes or binoculars, but they had great power in that they could predict the changing seasons, track time, and predict events like eclipses and the risings of certain celestial objects. They knew about and were able to predict these and other cycles only by observing carefully over periods of days, and months, and years.

- ① Wonder of the universe in which we live  
 ② Ancient astronomers and their celestial predictions  
 ③ The value of observational instruments in astronomy  
 ④ The celestial movement in ancient periods

문 16. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

As soon as we are born, the world gets to work on us and transforms us from merely biological into social units. Every human being at every stage of history or pre-history is born into a society and from his earliest years is molded by that society. The language which he speaks is not an individual inheritance, but a social acquisition from the group in which he grows up. Both language and environment help to determine the character of his thought; his earliest ideas come to him from others. As has been well said, the individual apart from society would be both speechless and mindless. The lasting fascination of the Robinson Crusoe myth is due to its attempt to imagine an individual independent of society. The attempt fails. Robinson is not an abstract individual, but an Englishman from York.

- ① Every act determines our membership of the society.
- ② Society and the individual are complementary to each other.
- ③ Language and environment determine our way of thinking.
- ④ Human beings cannot live independently of society.

문 17. 다음 글에서 밑줄 친 표현이 가리키는 사람은?

In 1910 Branch Rickey was a coach for Ohio Wesleyan. The team went to South Bend, Indiana, for a game. The hotel management registered the coach and the team but refused to assign a room to a black player named Charley Thomas. In those days college ball had a few black players. Mr. Rickey took the manager aside and said he would move the entire team to another hotel unless the black athlete was accepted. The threat was a bluff because he knew the other hotels also would have refused accommodations to a black man. While the hotel manager was thinking about the threat, Mr. Rickey came up with a compromise. He suggested a cot be put in his own room, which he would share with the unwanted guest. The hotel manager wasn't happy about the idea, but he gave in.

- ① Mr. Rickey                      ② Charley Thomas
- ③ The hotel manager          ④ Mr. Wesleyan

문 18. 다음 글을 문맥에 맞게 순서대로 연결한 것은?

A. Many people don't realize that soap can strip the good oils from your skin, as well as the bad oils.  
B. Oil of Lavender has been rated the most popular product for toning and firming skin on the face, neck and around the eyes.  
C. Why? Because you can actually see a difference in just one week when you use it daily.  
D. Oil of Lavender facial products were created to add natural oils back to your skin, thereby reducing signs of aging.

- ① B - A - C - D                      ② C - D - B - A
- ③ D - A - C - B                      ④ A - D - B - C

문 19. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Trade exists for many reasons. No doubt it started from a desire to have something different. People also realized that different people could make different products. Trade encouraged specialization, which led to improvement in quality.

Trade started from person to person, but grew to involve different towns and different lands. Some found work in transporting goods or selling them. Merchants grew rich as the demand for products increased. Craftsmen were also able to sell more products at home and abroad. People in general had a greater variety of things to choose.

- ① Trade started from a desire for something different.
- ② Trade grew from interpersonal to international scales.
- ③ Merchants prospered in business as trade expanded.
- ④ Trade helped develop new transportation systems.

※ 다음 글을 읽고 질문에 답하시오.

It is common knowledge that ability to do a particular job and performance on the job do not always go hand in hand. Persons with great potential abilities sometimes fall down on the job because of laziness or lack of interest in the job, while persons with mediocre talents have often achieved excellent results through their industry and their loyalty to the interests of their employers. It is clear, therefore, that the final test of any employee is the person's performance on the job.

문 20. According to the above paragraph, an employee's efficiency is best determined by his/her \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① interest in the job
- ② work performance
- ③ loyalty to the employer
- ④ potential work skills