

※ 다음 밑줄 친 부분과 그 뜻이 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오.[1-2번]

1. The complexity of their work means that educational psychologist have to undergo a rigorous professional training.

- ① high-level
- ② delicate
- ③ harsh
- ④ trifling
- ⑤ individual

2. I was vain enough to have ambition of cutting a fine figure in the world.

- ① getting a handsome child
- ② becoming a sculptor
- ③ making big money
- ④ being preeminent
- ⑤ marrying a beautiful woman

※ Choose the one that best satisfies the blank. [3-8번]

3. He is very \_\_\_\_\_ about the music he picks. He exclusively listens to hip hop and reggae.

- ① fastidious
- ② capricious
- ③ unreasonable
- ④ frugal
- ⑤ stingy

4. Jaws, Steven Spielberg's 1975 film, was a huge commercial success, and it \_\_\_\_\_ many copycat flicks.

- ① transported
- ② appreciated
- ③ oppressed
- ④ coveted
- ⑤ hatched

5. There are as many explanations as to what causes hiccups as there are \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① which they tell how to be rid of
- ② which they tell how to be rid of them
- ③ which tell how to be rid of
- ④ which tell how to be rid of them
- ⑤ which tell how to rid of them

6. Time is like art - mysterious, \_\_\_\_\_, and precious.

- ① inflammable
- ② imprudent
- ③ impenitent
- ④ inedible
- ⑤ intangible

7. The third - person approach is \_\_\_\_\_ in academic writing.

- ① the most point common view of by far
- ② the most by far common point of view
- ③ by far the most common view of point
- ④ by far the most point of common view
- ⑤ by far the most common point of view

8. I couldn't find any vegetables in the refrigerator, which means my wife must have forgotten \_\_\_\_\_ some on her way home.

- ① buy
- ② buying
- ③ to buy
- ④ to have bought
- ⑤ to be bought

9. 다음 대화의 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 알맞지 않은 것은?

A : I want to go home early.  
 B : So soon? You look gloomy these days.  
 \_\_\_\_\_

- ① What does it matter with you?
- ② What's eating on you?
- ③ What's getting on your nerves?

- ④ What's weighting on your mind?
- ⑤ What's tormenting your brain?

10. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 가장 어색한 것은?

①As decision making reached higher levels, half the harvests of the world ②was bought and sold in political and financial ③deals which ignored the fact ④that food ⑤was grown to be eaten.

11. What does the underlined 'you' refer to?

It was a very emotional time for me - my youngest son was about to leave for basic training. I took the day off so we could spend his last day as a civilian together. My son likes to pass himself off as a tough guy, but as we climbed into the car, he blurted out in a halting, sad voice, "I'm going to miss you." Well, I just about lost it. The tears flowed from my eyes as I turned to say how much I was going to miss him too. That's when I saw that he was addressing a can of Pepsi he'd just opened.

- ① father
- ② mother
- ③ brother
- ④ sister
- ⑤ drink

12. Rearrange the sentences (A)(B)(C)(D) so that they make sense.

The ancient Egyptians believed in life after death.  
 (A) It could fly around by day but must return to the tomb at night.  
 (B) The body, therefore, was preserved so that the soul could recognize it.  
 (C) They thought of the soul as a bird with a human face.  
 (D) They prepared for the after life with great care.  
 The word *mummy* comes from the Persian *mum*, meaning wax.

- ① (C)(B)(D)(A)
- ② (A)(B)(C)(D)
- ③ (D)(C)(A)(B)
- ④ (C)(D)(B)(A)

- ⑤ (B)(D)(A)(C)

13. 다음 빈 칸에 가장 적절한 것은?

Chomsky's main message was that union leaders were more concerned with maintaining their own power than with representing workers. His audiences? Union leaders. During the question-and-answer period they reached, \_\_\_\_\_, with defensiveness and even hostility. But Chomsky met their arguments with such a relentless barrage of facts.

- ① however
- ② on the other hand
- ③ that is he emphasized
- ④ as one might expect
- ⑤ as history repeats itself

14. 빈 칸에 가장 적절한 것은?

The purpose of a comparison or contrast essay is to make a point by showing readers that two distinct items are either similar or different. \_\_\_\_\_ depends on the specific point you want to convey to readers.

- ① Choose to compare or contrast two items
- ② Whether you choose to compare or contrast two items
- ③ What to compare or contrast two items
- ④ Which two items are to compare and contrast
- ⑤ For you to choose two items to compare and contrast

15. 다음 (A)와 (B) 안에 알맞은 표현을 차례대로 고르면?

According to the following article, doctors in a couple of prominent hospitals are trying to say (A) before (B).

For decades, malpractice lawyers and insurers have counseled doctors and hospitals to "deny and defend." Many still warn clients that any admission of fault, or even expression!!!! of regret, is likely to invite litigation and imperil careers. But with providers choking on malpractice costs and consumers demanding action

against medical errors, a handful of prominent academic medical centers, like Johns Hopkins and Stanford, are trying a disarming approach. By promptly disclosing medical errors and offering earnest apologies and fair compensation, they hope to restore integrity to dealings with patients, make it easier to learn from mistakes and dilute anger that often fuels lawsuits.

(A)

(B)

- |                       |                  |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| ① I'm sorry           | See you in court |
| ② See you in court    | I don't know     |
| ③ I'd like to help    | I don't know     |
| ④ None of my business | I don't know     |
| ⑤ I'm sorry           | I'd like to help |

16. 다음 빈 칸에 가장 적절한 것은?

For a variety of reasons, wildlife officials often redistribute wildlife from one part of a country to another. For practical purposes, some species may be transplanted because they damage crops or because their original habitat has scarce supplies of natural food. Quite often, the purpose of redistribution is to move a particular species from a place where it is overabundant to a place where .....

- ① it is needed
- ② food is scarce
- ③ it is unpopular
- ④ it can't damage crops
- ⑤ animals are prevalent

※ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. [17-18번]

"Future shock - the disease of change - can be prevented. But it will take drastic social, even political action. No matter how individuals try to pace their lives, no matter what psychic crutches we offer them, no matter how we alter their education, the society as a whole will still be caught on a runaway treadmill until we capture control of the accelerative thrust itself.

The high velocity of change can be traced to many factors. Population growth, urbanization, the shifting proportions of young and old - all play their part. Yet technological advance is clearly a critical node in the network of causes; indeed, it may be the node that

activates the entire net. One powerful strategy in the battle to prevent mass future shock, therefore, involves the conscious regulation of technological advance.

We cannot and must not turn off the switch of technological progress. Only ..... babble about returning to a "state of nature." A state of nature is one in which infants shrivel and die for lack of elementary medical care, in which malnutrition stultifies the brain, in which, as Hobbes reminded us, the typical life is "poor, nasty, brutish, and short." To turn our back on technology would be not only stupid but immoral.

17. 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 말은?

- ① severe realists
- ② intelligent idealists
- ③ clever politicians
- ④ litigious lawyers
- ⑤ romantic fools

18. 필자의 생각을 가장 잘 표현한 것은?

- ① Future shock has no bearing on change.
- ② We must defy the advance of technology.
- ③ The state of nature is a bliss we seek after.
- ④ There are pros and cons as for technological progress.
- ⑤ Technology gives mankind unconditional happiness.

19. 다음 글이 설명하는 단어로 가장 알맞은 것은?

To some fairly frequently, perhaps occasionally to all, there come little flashes of illumination - momentary glimpses into the nature of the world - which come to us when we're off our guard.

- ① impulse
- ② lust
- ③ inspiration
- ④ idealism
- ⑤ ego