

14. 다음 대화문 중 어색한 것은?

- ① A: Hi, Yusoo. What is your plan for the coming vacation?
B: Well, I have been to New York.
- ② A: I guess people of this town need a refuge nearby.
B: Exactly. People must have lost their places.
- ③ A: Where did the accident take place?
B: Over there. I saw the water rise over the bank.
- ④ A: Help is on the way, sir. Where is the fire?
B: In the kitchen. The curtains caught fire when I cooked.

15. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

Why do some companies succeed while others fail? The answer that I came up with is that winning companies win because they have good leaders who nurture the development of other leaders at all levels of the organization. The ultimate test of success for an organization is not whether it can win today but whether it can keep winning tomorrow and the day after. Therefore, the ultimate test for a leader is not whether he or she makes smart decisions and takes decisive action, but whether he or she teaches the others to be leaders and builds an organization that can sustain its success even when he or she is not around. The key ability of winning organizations and winning leaders is creating leaders.

- ① Leaders are born with their leadership.
- ② The only one leader should make decisions.
- ③ Organizations must change to hinder its success.
- ④ Winning organizations are able to create good leaders.

16. 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Each year, many people die from choking on objects that obstruct their airways and cause _____. Choking is in fact the fourth leading cause of unintentional death. However, there is a simple technique you can use to help expel a trapped object from another person's airway. You can even use a version of this technique on yourself. The technique is called the Heimlich maneuver, or abdominal thrusts. Abdominal thrusts lift your diaphragm and expel air from your lungs. This causes the foreign object to be expelled from your airway.

- ① slackness ② paralysis
- ③ restoration ④ suffocation

17. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

Stress is simply a response which you create in the interpretation of an event. Two people might find that a given event results in quite different responses. For example, an after dinner speech might strike fear into the heart of an inexperienced speaker while a strong orator views it as a wonderful opportunity to share his thoughts. Understanding that the perceived negative effects of an event or task may be mentally manipulated and conditioned towards the positive, will allow you to be a peak performer in all circumstances.

- ① 스트레스는 모든 질병의 근원이 된다.
- ② 연설을 잘하기 위해서는 상당한 연습이 필요하다.
- ③ 한번 부정적으로 인식된 것은 쉽게 바뀌지 않는다.
- ④ 부정적으로 인식된 것을 긍정적으로 전환하는 것이 중요하다.

18. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

The Seoul Metropolitan Government plans to designate public spaces including Han River parks and public transportation as no-drinking zones. The city government will announce legislation of the revised ordinance on March 24, allowing the mayor and district heads to ban drinking in parks, public transportation, government offices, and educational institutions. City Council will vote on the revision after the local elections on June 1. If the revision passes, it will take effect six months after the proclamation and those violating the regulation will be subject to fines of up to 100,000 won. According to the city's online survey of 1,000 citizens, the majority of respondents supported designating riverside parks as no-drinking zones. However, those opposed believe the revision limits individual freedom. A city government official said that even if the revision is passed, the government will try to ban drinking only in a limited area during scheduled times to avoid excessive regulation.

- ① 서울시는 한강공원과 대중교통 등의 일부 공공장소에서 음주 금지 규정을 시행하고 있다.
- ② 개정안에 따르면 해당 규정을 위반할 경우 10만 원 이하의 과태료가 부과된다.
- ③ 온라인 설문조사에서 응답자의 대다수는 강변 공원들을 음주 금지 구역으로 지정하는 것에 동의했다.
- ④ 음주 금지 구역 지정에 반대하는 사람들은 개인의 자유 제한을 우려한다.

