<u>ଓ</u> ମ	7. 다음 밑줄 친 부분에 공통으로 들어갈 단어로 가장 적절한 것은?
1. 다음 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 가장 가까운 것은?         The supercilious art dealer rolled her eyes when we asked if she had anything for under \$ 1,000.         ① unpretentious       ② costly         ③ serious-looking       ④ arrogant	<ul> <li>As a last you may have to accept their point of view.</li> <li>His punishing work schedule had made him to drugs.</li> <li>1 fist 2 insert</li> <li>3 lean 4 resort</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>다음 빈칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은?</li> <li>2. The smoke from the gas stove the fire alarm, and restaurant had to be evacuated.</li> <li>① set off ② caught up</li> <li>③ broke down ④ run out of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8. 다음 밑줄 친 부분에 공통으로 들어갈 단어로 가장 적절한 것은?</li> <li>· Certainly there are plans in for a response to an attack.</li> <li>· The tree-lined streets of this city wouldn't</li> </ul>
다음 빈칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은?         3.       A full refund can be claimed if you return the product 14 days of purchase.         ① by       ② before         ③ since       ④ within	be out of in a small town. · Not all engineering failures take suddenly and dramatically. ① place ② order ③ turn ④ charge 9. 다음 주어진 대화가 자연스럽게 이어질 순서로 가장
다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 어법상 가장 적절한 것은? <ul> <li>4. A: Where can I go sightseeing?</li> <li>B: Downtown. It with tourist sites.</li> </ul> <ul> <li>① abounds ② is abounded</li> <li>③ has abounded ④ will be abounded</li> </ul>	적절한 것은? M: How are your efforts to learn Chinese going? W: So-so. Reading and writing are not the problem. M:
다음 중 가장 좋은 평가를 받고 있는 사람은? ① He is above telling lies. ② He is the last man to keep his promise. ③ The politician is nothing but an opportunity. ④ He has but one aim in life, to make money.	W:
다음 밑줄 친 <sup>①</sup> 과 <sup>©</sup> 에 공통으로 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은? · I try to <sup>①</sup> current affairs adjust to	<ul> <li>(B) Not for me. For me it's the spoken form that's demanding.</li> <li>(C) But I thought those were the most</li> </ul>

Tury to \_\_\_\_\_ current analys adjust to the given project as soon as possible.
Recently, many people want to \_\_\_\_\_ their old school friends through Social Network Service.

get along with
 make away with
 keep up with
 come up with

6.

- difficult parts.
- (D) I find it very difficult to distinguish the tones properly.

(1) (A) - (C) - (B) - (D)(2) (A) - (B) - (D) - (C)(3) (C) - (B) - (A) - (D)(4) (C) - (A) - (B) - (D)

### 10.다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Many decades ago, our oceans were full of fishes but unfortunately, this is not the case today. Our world today faces many complex issues like pollution, climate change, wars, food crises, waste, and over-fishing. These all problems we have created for are ourselves, often as a result of our selfish activities. Overfishing particularly is one issue that is often underrated. This is because we do not hear about it often, and we also do not live in water so we do not care what happens there. Also, we mostly get as much fish as we would like from the market so what is the deal? I think will we know how big catastrophic overfishing is and how we are heading down a steep slope to a global disaster if we do not act quickly enough.

- ① Human Beings Are Always Selfish?
- ② Why Do We React to the Issue, Overfishing?
- ③ What Should We Do to Help Other Countries?
- ④ How Do We Protect Our Oceans from Serious Pollution?

### 11. 다음 글의 흐름상 가장 어색한 것은?

There are numerous family problems facing today's youth. ① For instance, teenagers who come from broken homes often experience emotional issues that can lead to feelings of inferiority and depression. ② Teenagers are more interested in their friends and hobbies than spending time with family. ③ Another issue is that teens are often left unsupervised because their parents work long hours. ④ When this happens, they may give in to negative peer pressure and end up participating in harmful activities, such as smoking, drinking alcohol, and taking drugs.

### 12.다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

The good news is that it's never too late to start building up muscle strength, regardless of your age. Ideally, though, it's best to start in your mid-forties when muscle mass starts to decline significantly. "Once you've started, it can take just six weeks to see an improvement of up to 20 percent in your muscle capabilities," says Dr. Ward. Studies have found that intense programs of strength training can help even weak older people double their strength, as well as enable them to walk faster and climb stairs more easily. And muscle isn't all you gain strength training can help combat osteoarthritis, depression, and risk factors for heart disease and diabetes.

① 근력 운동의 효과는 단기간에 얻기 힘들다.
 ② 근력 운동에 필요한 기초 체력을 길러야 한다.
 ③ 운동량은 연령에 따라 적절히 조절해야 한다.
 ④ 근력 운동은 나이가 들어서도 건강에 유익하다.

# 13.다음 빈 칸에 공통으로 들어갈 단어로 가장 적절한 것은?

\_\_\_\_\_\_ in criminal law is a period of supervision over an offender, ordered by a court instead of serving time in prison. An offender on \_\_\_\_\_\_ is ordered to follow certain conditions set forth by the court, often under the supervision of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ officer. During this testing period, an offender faces the threat of being sent back to prison,

if found breaking the rules.

① conviction

2 probation

3 accusation

4 allegation

# 14. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 내용으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Battlefield archaeologists analyze material remains of battles for insights into the histories of wars. This gives their analyses an advantage over those of their historian counterparts, who rely primarily on written accounts. Such written accounts are typically left by the wars' victors and for that reason are necessarily biased. Battlefields, on the other hand, provide physical evidence that is untainted by a potentially prejudiced viewpoint. This is why it can be said that battlefield archaeology \_\_\_\_\_\_.

privileges the historical interpretation of the victors
 fails to consider the perspective of the defeated
 augments the bias that typically affects historians
 creates a more objective picture of past events

### 15. 다음 글에 드러난 'She'의 심경으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The man drove fast all the way, and she just caught her plane. Soon she was high up over the Atlantic, sitting back comfortably in her seat, listening to the sound of the engines, flying to Paris at last. The new confidence was still with her. She felt extremely strong and, in a strange sort of way, wonderful. She was a little breathless with it all, but this was more from shock at what she had done than from anything else, and as the plane flew further and further away from New York and East 62nd Street, a great sense of calmness began to settle over her. By the time she reached Paris, she was just as

# 16.다음 중 우리말을 영어로 옮긴 것 중 가장 어색한

#### 것은?

love.

- ① 나라를 사랑하지 않은 사람은 아무도 없다.
  - $\rightarrow$  There is no man but does not love his country.
- ② 적은 지식은 네가 그것이 적다는 것을 알고 있는 한 위험하지 않다.
  - → A little learning is not dangerous so long as you know that it is little.
- ③ 부모의 사랑만큼 그렇게 이타적인 사랑은 없다.
   → There is no love so unselfish as parental
- ④ 우리의 인생이 짧은 것이 아니라 우리가 그렇게 만드는 것이다.
  - $\rightarrow$  Our life is not short, but we make it so.

# 17.다음 밑줄 친 (A), (B), (C)의 부분에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Pet food used to be about selecting a small, medium, or large bag of (A) <u>wherever</u> / <u>whatever</u> your local feed or grocery store stocked. Today, choosing pet food from among the hundreds of varieties in the \$ 17 billion United States market can be a complicated task. Beef, duck, vegetables, and salmon are part of today's pet diets. Once (B) <u>created / creating</u> to profit from human food manufacturing waste, the pet food industry now makes products with human-grade ingredients that sell well because people want something better for their family members who happen to be pets. The number of people purchasing pet food with human-grade ingredients (C) is / are on the increase. As a

strong and cool and calm as she could wish.

① upset and anxious

- 2 confident and calm
- ③ relieved and thankful
- 4 surprised and scared

result, pets truly do increase the burden on agriculture, because they are no longer eating the "leftover" products.

	(A)	(B)	(C)
	wherever	creating	are
2	wherever	created	is
3	whatever	created	is
4	whatever	creating	are

# 18.다음 글의 흐름상 빈칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은?

Some newcomers to a society do well in their first year of cultural adjustment. However, they may have a more difficult time later. Perhaps they expected the second year to be as easy and successful as the first year, but are not prepared to deal with obstacles that arise during the second year. Those who had problems from beginning may actually find the second year easier \_\_\_\_\_. They expect difficulties and aren't surprised by them.

because they don't expect many problems
 because they are used to solving problems
 because new society doesn't like them
 in order to be successful in new culture

### 19. 다음 밑줄 친 doing so를 바르게 나타낸 것은?

Mandarin tradition of promoting bureaucrats who see their role as promoting and protecting the interests of the state is still alive and well in China. "china has a tradition of meritocracy – a tradition that is also carried on in Korea and Japan," said Francis Fukuyama, auther of the classic The End of History and the Last Man. "All of them also have a basic sense of 'staleness' where public servants are expected to look to the long-term interests of the state" and are rewarded by the system for <u>doing so</u>.

① having a basic sense of 'staleness'

② seeing their role as promoting and protecting

# 20.주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Researchers found that women who had been diagnosed with insomnia were about twice as likely as women without sleep disorders to deliver their babies more than six weeks early.

- (A) These children have less time to develop in the womb, and 1.1 million will die from birth-related complications. Many others are left with hearing impairment, learning disabilities, and other health issues.
- (B) They say that better treatment for pregnant women with serious sleep disorders could save babies' lives, and do so with approaches that avoid the use of medication.
- (C) Every year, 15 million babies worldwide are born prematurely - more than three weeks before the typical full-term pregnancy of 40 weeks.
- ① (B)−(A)−(C)
- ② (B)−(C)−(A)
- ③ (C)−(A)−(B)
- (C)-(B)-(A)

the interests of the state

③ having a certain public-spiritedness

④ looking to the long-term interests of the state