

4. 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오.

[정답] ①

All along the route were thousands of homespun attempts to pay tribute to the team, including messages etched in cardboard, snow and construction paper.

경의를 표하다

① honor

경의를 표하다

② compose

구성하다, 작곡하다

③ publicize

알리다, 홍보하다

④ join

합류하다, 가입하다

5. 어법상 옳은 것은?

[정답] ④

출제 pt. 1) 비교급 2) 비교대상 3) 명사 수일치

① The traffic of a big city is busier than those of a small city.

= → that

출제 pt. 시간/조건 부사절 시제일치

② I'll think of you when I'll be lying on the beach next week.

→ am

출제 pt. 형용사 vs. 명사

③ Raisins were once an expensive food, and only the wealth ate them.

→ the wealthy

출제 pt. 1) to부정사 vs. 전치사 to 2) 간접의문문 어순

④ The intensity of a color is related to how much gray the color contains.

전치사 + 명사(구/절) 의 주 동

6. 우리말을 영어로 가장 잘 옮긴 것은?

[정답] ②

출제 pt. 동사의 태

① 몇 가지 문제가 새로운 회원들 때문에 생겼다.

→Several problems have-raised due to the new members.

→ have been raised

출제 pt. 당위성 조동사 should

② 그 위원회는 그 건물의 건설을 중단하라고 명했다.

→The committee commanded that construction of the building cease.

명령 동사 + that + S + (should) R

출제 pt. 시제 일치 (과거)

③ 그들은 한 시간에 40마일이 넘는 바람과 싸워야 했다.

→They had to fight against winds that will blow over 40 miles an hour.

→ blew

출제 pt. 동사의 태

④ 거의 모든 식물의 씨앗은 혹독한 날씨에도 살아남는다.

→The seeds of most plants are-survived-by harsh weather.

→ survived the



9. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

[정답] ①

The future may be uncertain, but some things are undeniable: climate change, shifting demographics, geopolitics. The only guarantee is that there will be changes, both wonderful and terrible.

B as well as A: A 뿐만 아니라 B도 'B가 중요!'

It's worth considering how artists will respond to these changes, as well as what purpose art serves, now and in the future.

현재와 미래에 어떤 목적의식을 예술이 제공할지 뿐만 아니라 예술가들이 어떻게 이러한 변화에 대응할지 고려해볼 가치가 있다. Reports suggest that by 2040 the impacts of human-caused climate change will be inescapable, making it the big issue at the centre of art and life in 20 years' time. Artists in the future will wrestle with the possibilities of the post-human and post-Anthropocene—artificial intelligence, human colonies in outer space and potential doom. The identity politics seen in art around the #MeToo and Black Lives Matter movements will grow as environmentalism, border politics and migration come even more sharply into focus. Art will become increasingly diverse and might not 'look like art' as we expect. In the future, once we've become weary of our lives being visible online for all to see and our privacy has been all but lost, anonymity may be more desirable than fame. Instead of thousands, or millions, of likes and followers, we will be starved for authenticity and connection. Art could, in turn, become more collective and experiential, rather than individual.

- ① What will art look like in the future?
- ② How will global warming affect our lives?
- ③ How will artificial intelligence influence the environment?
- ④ What changes will be made because of political movements?

10. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

[정답] ④

The Second Amendment of the U.S. Constitution states: "A well-regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed." Supreme Court rulings, citing this amendment, have upheld the right of states to regulate firearms. However, in a 2008 decision confirming an individual right to keep and bear arms, the court struck down Washington, D.C. laws that banned handguns and required those in the home to be locked or disassembled.

총기를 소유하는 개인의 권리를 확인하는 2008년의 판결에서, 법원은 총기를 금지했다. (O)

② A number of gun advocates consider ownership a birthright and an essential part of the nation's heritage.

많은 총기 소유 지지자들은 총기 소유권을 생득권이며 국가적 유산의 중요한 부분으로 생각한다. (O)

The United States, with less than 5 percent of the world's population, has about 35 ~ 50 percent of the world's civilian-owned guns, according to a 2007 report by the Switzerland-based Small Arms Survey. It ranks number one in firearms per capita. The United States also has the highest homicide-by-firearm rate among the world's most developed nations.

미국은 1인당 총기 소유 1위이다. 미국은 또한 세계 선진국들 중에서 총기로 인한 살인율이 가장 높다. (O)

④ But many gun-rights proponents say these statistics do not indicate a cause-and-effect relationship and note that the rates of gun homicide and other gun crimes in the United States have dropped since highs



in the early 1990's.

그러나 많은 총기 소유 지지자들은 이러한 통계는 원인-결과 관계를 나타내지 않으며 미국에서의 총기 살인 사건과 다른 총기 관련 범죄는 1990년대 초반의 최고치 이후로 떨어지고 있다고 언급한다. (X)

- ① In 2008, the U.S. Supreme Court overturned Washington, D.C. laws banning handguns.
- ② Many gun advocates claim that owning guns is a natural-born right.
- ③ Among the most developed nations, the U.S. has the highest rate of gun homicides.
- ④ Gun crimes in the U.S. have steadily ~~increased~~ over the last three decades.

11. 두 사람의 대화 중 가장 어색한 것은?

[정답] ④

- ① A: When is the payment due?
B: You have to pay by next week.
- ② A: Should I check this baggage in?
B: No, it's small enough to take on the plane.
- ③ A: When and where shall we meet?
B: I'll pick you up at your office at 8:30.
- ④ A: I won the prize in a cooking contest.
요리 대회에서 상을 탔어!
B: I couldn't have done it without you.
나는 네가 아니었으면 해내지 못했을 거야.

12. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

[정답] ③

- A: Thank you for calling the Royal Point Hotel Reservations Department. My name is Sam. How may I help you?
B: Hello, I'd like to book a room.
A: We offer two room types: the deluxe room and the luxury suite.
두 종류의 방을 제공하고 있습니다. 하나는 디럭스이고 하나는 스위트 룸이 있습니다.
B: _____?
A: For one, the suite is very large. In addition to a bedroom, it has a kitchen, living room and dining room.
B: It sounds expensive.
A: Well, it's \$200 more per night.
B: In that case, I'll go with the deluxe room.
- ① Do you need anything else
 - ② May I have the room number
 - ③ What's the difference between them
두 개 방의 차이점이 뭐야
 - ④ Are pets allowed in the rooms

13. 밑줄 친 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

[정답] ②

Advocates of homeschooling believe that children learn better when they are in a secure, loving environment. Many psychologists see the home as the most natural learning environment, and originally the home was the classroom, long before schools were established. Parents who homeschool argue that they can monitor their children's education and give them the attention that is lacking in a traditional school setting. Students

can also pick and choose what to study and when to study, thus enabling them to learn at their own pace.

학생들은 또한 무엇을 공부할지 그리고 언제 공부할지 고르고 선택할 수 있고, 이렇게 하여 그들이 자신들의 속도로 배울 수 있도록 해준다.

(A) , critics of homeschooling say that children who are not in the classroom miss out on learning important social skills because they have little interaction with their peers.

홈스쿨링 비판자들은 교실에 있지 않은 아이들은 그들의 또래와 상호작용을 거의 하지 않아서 중요한 사회성 기술 학습을 놓친다고 말한다.

Several studies, though, have shown that the home-educated children appear to do just as well in terms of social and emotional development as other students, having spent more time in the comfort and security of their home, with guidance from parents who care about their welfare.

그럼에도 불구하고, 몇몇 연구는 그들의 행복을 관심을 가지는 부모로부터의 지도와 함께 그들의 가정의 편안함과 안도감 속에서 더 많은 시간을 보내면서 홈스쿨링한 아이들도 사회적, 감정적 발달 면에서 다른 학생들만큼 한다고 나타남을 보여줘 왔다.

(B) , many critics of homeschooling have raised concerns about the ability of parents to teach their kids effectively.

많은 홈스쿨링 비판자들은 아이들을 효율적으로 가르치는 부모들의 능력에 관해 우려를 제기해 왔다.

(A) (B)

- ① Therefore Nevertheless
- ② In contrast In spite of this
- ③ Therefore Contrary to that
- ④ In contrast Furthermore

14. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

[정답] ③

For many people, work has become an obsession. It has caused burnout, unhappiness and gender inequity, as people struggle to find time for children or passions or pets or any sort of life besides what they do for a paycheck. But increasingly, younger workers are pushing back. More of them expect and demand flexibility

하지만, 갈수록 더, 젊은 근로자들은 저항하고 있다. 그들 중 더 많은 이들이 유연성을 기대하고 요구한다.

—paid leave for a new baby, say, and generous vacation time, along with daily things, like the ability to work remotely, come in late or leave early, or make time for exercise or meditation. The rest of their lives happens on their phones, not tied to a certain place or time—why should work be any different?

- ① ways to increase your paycheck
- ② obsession for reducing inequity
- ③ increasing call for flexibility at work
- ④ advantages of a life with long vacations



15. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

[정답] ③

Past research has shown that experiencing frequent psychological stress can be a significant risk factor for cardiovascular disease, a condition that affects almost half of those aged 20 years and older in the United States.

(A) Does this mean, though, that people who drive on a daily basis are set to develop heart problems, or is there a simple way of easing the stress of driving?

(B) According to a new study, there is. The researchers noted that listening to music while driving helps relieve the stress that affects heart health.

(C) One source of frequent stress is driving, either due to the stressors associated with heavy traffic or the anxiety that often accompanies inexperienced drivers.

① (A) - (C) - (B)

② (B) - (A) - (C)

③ (C) - (A) - (B)

④ (C) - (B) - (A)

16. 다음 글의 흐름상 가장 어색한 문장은?

[정답] ④

When the brain perceives a threat in the immediate surroundings, it initiates a complex string of events in the body. It sends electrical messages to various glands, organs that release chemical hormones into the

bloodstream. Blood quickly carries these hormones to other organs that are then prompted to do various things. ① The adrenal glands above the kidneys, for example, pump out adrenaline, the body's stress hormone. ② Adrenaline travels all over the body doing things such as widening the eyes to be on the lookout for signs of danger, pumping the heart faster to keep blood and extra hormones flowing, and tensing the skeletal muscles so they are ready to lash out at or run from the threat. ③ The whole process is called the fight-or-flight response, because it prepares the body to either battle or run for its life.

Humans consciously control their glands to regulate the release of various hormones. Once the response is initiated, ignoring it is impossible, because hormones cannot be reasoned with.

몸에서 자동적으로 발생하는 일



17. 주어진 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 것은?

[정답] ④

It was **then** he remembered his experience with the glass flask, and just as quickly, he imagined that a special coating might be applied to a glass windshield to keep it from shattering.

그 당시 그는 유리 플라스크에 대한 경험이 기억났다

In 1903 the French chemist, Edouard Benedictus, dropped a glass flask one day on a hard floor and broke it. (①) However, to the astonishment of the chemist, the flask did not shatter, but still retained most of its original shape. (②) When he examined the flask he found that it contained a film coating inside, a residue remaining from a solution of collodion that the flask had contained. (③) He made a note of this unusual phenomenon, but thought no more of it until several weeks later **when he read stories** in the newspapers about people in automobile accidents who were badly hurt by flying windshield glass. (④) Not long thereafter, he succeeded in producing the world's first sheet of safety glass.

그 이야기를 읽고 나서야 인지하게 되었다.

18. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

[정답] ③

Dubrovnik, Croatia, is a mess. Because its main attraction is its seaside ^①Old Town surrounded by 80-foot medieval walls, this Dalmatian Coast town does not absorb visitors very well. And ^②when cruise ships are docked here, a legion of tourists turn Old Town into a miasma of tank-top-clad tourists marching down the town's limestone-blanketed streets.

그리고 크루즈 배가 여기에 정박할 때, 많은 관광객들이 Old Town을 석회암으로 뒤덮인 거리를 행진한다.

^③Yes, the city of Dubrovnik has been proactive in trying to curb cruise ship tourism, but nothing will save 물론, Dubrovnik시는 크루즈 여행을 억제하는 데 적극적으로 노력해 왔다.

Old Town from the perpetual swarm of tourists. To make matters worse, the lure of making extra money has inspired many homeowners in ^④Old Town to turn over their places to Airbnb, making the walled portion Old Town의 그들의 집을 에어비앤비로 바꾸도록

of town one giant hotel. You want an "authentic" Dubrovnik experience in Old Town, just like a local? You're not going to find it here. Ever.

- ① Old Town은 80피트 중세 시대 벽으로 둘러싸여 있다.
- ② 크루즈 배가 정박할 때면 많은 여행객이 Old Town 거리를 활보한다.
- ③ Dubrovnik 시는 크루즈 여행을 확대하려고 노력해 왔다.
- ④ Old Town에서는 많은 집이 여행객 숙소로 바뀌었다.

19. 밑줄 친 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

[정답] ①

When an organism is alive, it takes in carbon dioxide from the air around it. Most of that carbon dioxide is made of carbon-12, but a tiny portion consists of carbon-14. So the living organism always contains a very small amount of radioactive carbon, carbon-14. A detector next to the living organism would record radiation given off by the carbon-14 in the organism. **When the organism dies, it no longer takes in carbon dioxide. No new carbon-14 is added, and the old carbon-14 slowly decays into nitrogen.**

그 유기체가 죽으면 더 이상 이산화탄소를 흡수하지 않는다. 새로운 탄소-14는 추가되지 않고, 오래된 탄소-14는 천천히 질소로 분해된다.

The amount of carbon-14 slowly decreases as time goes on. Over time, less and less radiation from carbon-14 is produced. The amount of carbon-14 radiation detected for an organism is a measure, therefore, of how long the organism has been dead. This method of determining the age of an organism is called carbon-14 dating. The decay of carbon-14 allows archaeologists to find the age of once-living materials. Measuring the amount of radiation remaining indicates the approximate age.

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| (A) | (B) |
| ① decreases | dead |
| ② increases | alive |
| ③ decreases | productive |
| ④ increases | inactive |

20. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

[정답] ②

All creatures, past and present, either have gone or will go extinct. Yet, as each species vanished over the past 3.8-billion-year history of life on Earth, new ones inevitably appeared to replace them or to exploit newly emerging resources. **From only a few very simple organisms, a great number of complex, multicellular**

forms evolved over this immense period. The origin of new species, which the nineteenth-century English naturalist Charles Darwin once referred to as "the mystery of mysteries," is the natural process of speciation responsible for generating this remarkable _____ with whom humans share the planet. Although taxonomists presently recognize some 1.5 million living species, the actual number is possibly closer to 10 million. Recognizing the biological status of this multitude requires a clear understanding of what constitutes a species, which is no easy task given that evolutionary biologists have yet to agree on a universally acceptable definition.

- ① technique of biologists
- ② diversity of living creatures
- ③ inventory of extinct organisms
- ④ collection of endangered species