

2019년 경찰시험 2차 영어 주요표현 해설

오류가 있거나 이해 안되는 것은 <https://blog.naver.com/commca/221634665780> 댓글로 하세요.

1.

She was becoming exasperated with all the questions they were asking.

-exasperate 몹시 짜증나게하다, 분사 exasperated 짜증나는, be exasperated 짜증나다

-be getting/becoming 형/~er/~er and ~er ~하기 시작하다 / 점점 ~하다

3.

(fun) is the time when I'm doing something that makes me happy just to be doing it.

-the time when 에서 선행사가 생략

-make me happy just to be doing it - 만들다..내가 행복하도록.. 단지 하고 있기 때문에.. 그것을

to부정사>부사적용법>형용사 수식 참고

5.

Solidad Bank requires that all customers ~~should~~ present two pieces of photo ㉠(identification / idiosyncrasy) when cashing a check.

-require 때문에 should 생략 가능

The new subway line will enable residents to travel directly to the airport ㉡(by train / by the train).

-특정 기차를 말하는 것이 아닌 일반 기차이므로 관사 생략

6.

In new relationships, people often (**disclose**) **themselves** slowly, sharing only a few details at first, and offering more personal information only if they like and trust each other.

-disclose oneself 타동사+재귀대명사는 자동사로 해석 가능 ; 드러내다

When they started becoming friends, for instance, Deepak and Prasad shared mostly routine information with each other. As they got to know and trust each other more, they started sharing their opinions **on** things such as politics, relationships, and religion.

-on은 앞 명사에 따라 about 대체

Only after they had known each other for quite a while **did they feel** (comfortable) talking about more personal things, such as Prasad's health problems or the challenges in Deepak's marriage.

-They **only** felt comfortable ~ **after** they had known ~. 라고 쓰면 강조 없는 평서문인데 위치럼 쓰면 '오직 ~하고 나서야 ~한다'라는 강조 표현이 된다. 강조>도치강조 참조

7.

① Not only **she is** modest, but she is also polite.

-Not only is she modest, but she is also polite.

② I find myself enjoying classical music as I get older.

③ The number of crimes in the cities **are** steadily decreasing.

-The number of crimes in the cities is/was/will be/has been/had been steadily decreasing.

④ The car insurance rates in urban areas are **more**-higher than those in rural areas.

8.

② As the work was done, I had nothing to do. → The work done, I had nothing to do.

-As the work being done, ~ → the work done, ~

③ They made us copy the script. → We were made copy the script.

-We were made to copy the script. 사역동사의 수동태는 원래 목적보어인 동사에 to가 붙는다

④ He seemed **to have been** sick. → It seemed that he had been sick.

-별도 참조 <https://blog.naver.com/commca/220461480797>

9.

① 나는 창문 옆에 앉아 있는 그 소녀를 안다.

→ I know the girl sat by the window. **sitting**

② 그 산을 오르는 데에는 대략 두 시간이 걸린다.

→ That takes about two hours to climb the mountain. **It**

③ 소음 때문에 짜증이 나서 그녀는 그 카페를 떠났다.

→ Annoying by the noise, she left the cafe. **Annoyed**

④ 자유는 책임을 동반한다는 사실을 우리는 인정해야 한다.

→ We should admit the fact that freedom **is accompanied by** responsibility.

-be accompanied by 는 accompany와 똑같이 해석

10.

① A: How did you like the movie you saw yesterday? B: Wait, please don't spoil it for me.

어제 본 영화 어때?

잠깐. 스포일링 하지마

11.

The coffee tree has smooth, ovate leaves and clusters of fragrant white flowers that **mature into** deep red fruits about 1/2 inch.

-다 익어서 ~가 되다

The fruit usually contains two seeds, the coffee beans. Arabica Coffee yields the highest-quality beans and provides **the bulk of** the world's coffee, including 80% of the coffee imported into the United States.

-the bulk of 대부분의

The species **is thought to be** native to Ethiopia, **where** it was known before 1000.

-It is thought that the species are native to ~

-, where = there 로 해석, 앞문장과 끊어 별도 문장으로 해석

Coffee's earliest human **use may have been as a food**; a ball of the crushed fruit molded with fat was a day's ration for certain African nomads.

-may=might 로 하면 might have been

-Use is as a food. <https://blog.naver.com/jhay2000/221279176416> Use is ~~use~~-as a food.

Later, wine was made from the fermented husks and pulps. Coffee was known in 15th-century Arabia; from there it spread to Egypt and Turkey, overcoming religious and political opposition **to become** popular among Arabs.

-그리고 되었다, to부정사>부사적용법>결과 참조

At first proscribed by Italian churchmen as a heathen's drink, it was approved by Pope Clement VIII, and by the mid-17th century coffee had **reached** most of Europe.

-At first it was proscribed ~, it was approved ~ → At first it ~~being~~ proscribed ~, it was approved

-reach는 그 안에 to를 담고 있다

Introduced in North America in 1668, coffee became a favorite American beverage after the Boston Tea Party made tea unfashionable.

-접속사 It was introduced ~ → 접속사 It ~~being~~ introduced ~

② Most of the world's coffee is believed to originate from Ethiopia.

-It is believed that most of the world's coffee originate from Ethiopia

④ Coffee was considered to be profane by Pope Clement VIII.

-Pope Clement VIII considered coffee (to be) profane.

12.

The 2010 US Census shows that America's ethnic and racial makeup is changing. Compared to 2000, the percentage of the population identified as white shrank, from 75.1% to 72.4%.

-the percentage of the population (~~which is identified as white~~) shrank,

Every other ethnic category increased, except for Native Americans, **which** remained unchanged at 0.9%.

-It

The biggest growth came from the Hispanic population, **which** grew from 12.5% in 2000 to 16.3% of the population ten years later.

-It

Those identified as belonging to two or more racial categories also climbed to 2.9% in 2010 from 2.4% ten years earlier.

- Those (~~people who are~~ **identified as belonging** to two or more racial categories) also climbed to 2.9% in 2010 from 2.4% ten years earlier.

-S identify those as belong to ~ ; identify=consider

13.

However, the concept of a rational action also incorporates the concept of a reason, and reasons **need not be** egocentric.

-need는 조동사로 쓰임

The concept of a rational action **can be seen to be quite complex**: it is a hybrid concept.

-see는 think의 의미,

-We think that the concept of a rational action is quite complex.

=It is thought that ~

→the concept of a rational action is thought to be quite complex.

A rational action is **one** that is not irrational.

-one=action인데 특정 명사를 가리키지 않으면서 꾸밈을 받기 때문에 one으로 표현, <https://blog.naver.com/commca/220461552551>

Any action that is not irrational counts **as rational**; **that is**, any action that does not have (is not believed to have) harmful consequences for you or those for whom you care is rational.

-as ~~being~~ rational

-that is to say 즉, 말하자면

-가지고 있지 않거나 가지고 있다고 생각되지 않는

-any action [that does not **have** (is not believed to have) harmful **consequences** for you or **those for whom you care**] is rational.

-have consequences 결과를 일으키다, 결과를 유발하다

-those people + your care for them = those ~~people~~ for whom you care

(㉠) So rationality **does involve, if only indirectly**, the egocentric character **of** an irrational action.

-does involve 강조, 해석 안됨

-if only ~하면 좋을텐데 (그렇지 않다), if only indirectly 애둘러서 말하면 좋을텐데 (직설적으로 말해서)

-동격의 of ; 비이성적 행위라고 하는 자기중심적 성격

(㉡) The fact (belief) that anyone will benefit from your actions is a reason. (㉢) Reasons are not limited to facts (beliefs) about benefits to you or those for whom you care. (㉣) Thus **an action that has (is believed to have) harmful consequences for you can be rational if (you believe) there are compensating benefits for others**, even if you do not care about them.

-an action can be rational if (you believe) there are compensating benefits for others

-네가 믿기에 ; 삽입, 행위를 보편적인 아닌 주관적인 판단으로 돌림, 다른 사람은 모르겠고 너는 그렇게 믿어

14.

One of the greatest paradoxes we wrestle with is our own dark or shadow sides.

㉠ Storms always pass. **Just as** there has never been a day that **did not give way to** night or a storm that **lasted** forever, we move back and forth **on the pendulum of life**.

-just as 마치 ~가 ~하는 것처럼/~하듯이

-give way to ~를 이기지 못하다. give way to night 밤을 이기지 못하다.

--do not give way to night 밤을 이기다

---a day that do not give way to night 밤을 이긴 한 번의 낮

----just as there has never been a day that do not give way to night or a storm that last forever

영원히 이어지는 폭풍 또는 밤(고난)을 이겨 본 낮(행복)이 단 한 번도 없었던 것처럼

-did와 lasted는 가정법과거

-시계 추와 같은 인생

We experience the good and the bad, the day and the night, the yin and the yang.

㉡ This balancing act is difficult, but it is a part of life. If we can see this **as** an experience **as** natural **as** night **following** day, we will find more contentment than **if** we try to pretend that night will never come.

-see A as B ; 보다..이것이..한 경험이라고

-as 형 as A ; A만큼 ~한, an experience as natural as night 밤만큼 자연스러운 경험

-following 전치사(=after),

-If we can see this as an experience as natural as night following day

낮이 끝나고 찾아오는 밤만큼이나 우리가 이것을 자연스럽게 생각한다면

-if는 when 대응 가능, 접속사 that 대응 가능

-than if we try to pretend that night will never come

밤이 절대 오지 않을 것처럼 외면하려고 우리가 노력할 때 보다, 우리가 노력하는 것 보다

15.

Monte, a 20-month-old chocolate Labrador, is a cure dog and was trained to help autistic children like Jacob. Jacob, now six, suffers from autism and goes to a school in Ontario, Canada. ㉠He needs more care compared to other kids **his** age.

-in his age. 전치사 생략의 문법적 정오는 판단할 수 없음

He seems to like Monte, as they become friends and learn from each other. Monte's key functions are to **keep Jacob from running** away and to **help** ^{his} parents **supervise** their son.

-막다..제이콥이 달아나지 않도록

-돕다..부모가 살펴보도록, 도와준다..부모가 살펴보도록, 도움이 된다..부모가 살펴보는데에

16.

Deforestation can destroy natural habitats for millions of species. **To illustrate**, seventy percent of Earth's land animals and plants live in forests, and many cannot **survive** the deforestation.

-구체적으로 말하면

-survive는 from를 포함하고 있다

Deforestation also deprives the forest of its **canopy** that blocks the sun's rays during the day and **holds in** heat at night.

-중천, 높은 하늘과 땅 물체 사이의 공간 중 땅에 가까운 공간, 특정 물체 위의 공간

-hold in ~을 억누르다, 품고 있다

This disruption leads to more extreme temperature swing that can be harmful to plants and animals. Furthermore, trees **help** maintain the water cycle by returning water back into the atmosphere.

-도움이 된다..유지하는 데에

Without trees to fill these roles, many former forest lands can quickly become deserts.

-없다면

③ Negative effects of deforestation **on** the environment

<https://blog.naver.com/commca/221553182886>

- have an effect on A, A에 영향을 미치다 → an effect on A, A에 미치는 영향

- 벌목이 환경에 미치는 부정적 영향

④ A bitter controversy **over** forest development

- 앞 명사에 따라 over는 about의 기능

17.

When an argument is inevitable, it is important to avoid **putting others on the defensive**.

-다른 사람에게 방어태세를 취하게하다

Statements that use "I" instead of "you" are effective **to this end**.

-이것을 위하여

The less people have their back up against the wall, the better the chance they will be open to dialogue about problems.

-<https://blog.naver.com/commca/220462140650>

=As people have their **back up against the wall less**, the chance ~~that~~ they will be open to dialogue about problems is **better**.

-have one's back up against the wall 곤란한 입장에 처하다

-better의 의미적 정오는 판단할 수 없음

사람들이 곤란한 입장에 덜 처할수록, 여러 문제에 대한 대화에 그들이 개방적일 가능성은 더 높다.

18.

One of Raoul Francé's most surprising claims was that plants **are capable of intent**.

-의도를 품을 능력이 있다.

They try their best to get what they want and to avoid what they do not want. Some plants defend themselves against ants that steal their nectar. They will close their flowers when the ants are nearby; the flowers will open only when there is **enough** dew on the stems **to prevent** the ants **from climbing up**.

-enough dew to prevent ; 막기에 충분한 이슬, 막을 만큼 충분한 이슬, to부정사>부사적용법>형용사 수식 참조

-prevnt him from leaving 막다.. 그가 떠나지 못하도록

Some kinds of acacia are even capable of **making a deal**; they **reward** certain types of ants **with** nectar **in return for warding off** other insects.

-make a deal <https://blog.naver.com/jhay2000/221279338230> 참조

-reward A with B, provide A with B 와 같은 구조

-in return 보답으로

-for 보답에 대한 이유, ~해서, ~때문에, 여기서는 ~에 대한

물리친 것에 대한 보상으로

19.

Like **our electronics' reliance** on cloud storage, many companies are **turning to** crowdsourcing to solve complex problems.

-우리의 전자공학이 의존하는 것처럼

~~를 향하다, ~로 관심을 기울이다

In this **fluid staffing model**, project teams come together like flash mobs **of talent**.

-유동성이 강한 직원채용형태

-재능있는 사람들로 구성된

They assemble, learn, contribute, and then disband. This model of work demands heightened levels of collaboration and learning. To contribute, individuals must swiftly ramp up their understanding of the situation, the problem, the players, the options, etc. They must then learn how to quickly assemble expertise, without the benefit of long-term relationships. When the **flash** of collective brilliance ends, they must let go and move **on** to the next rapid-learning, rapid-contribution cycle.

-flash 번개같이 짧게 모였다 깨지는 조직

-on ; 계속을 타나냄, carry on, keep on, go on

Business strategist Jennifer Serfati has observed, "Our role as conduit is more vital than our role as source in this knowledge economy." **Much like I found with my research for the book *Multipliers***, the critical skill of this century is not what you hold in your head, but your ability to **tap into** and access what other people know.

-책을 쓰기 위해 진행했던 연구를 통해 내가 알게된 것처럼 말이죠

-tap into ~을 이용하다

① **make** effective **strategies coping with** social changes

-make strategy 전략을 짜다

-S+V ~ing 의 여러 형태 중 동시상황, ~하면서 ; 다양한 사회적 변화에 대처하면서

20.

Vicious crimes can contribute to a sense of anxiety among citizens who feel defenseless against the perpetrators. Continued concern over public protection has triggered recurring discussions about violence in media, political and social arenas, and the proliferation of a plentitude of theories about the cause of violence, **which attribute** it variously **to** war, drug addiction, class or race frustrations, even **suggesting** that it is inherently present in cultural identity.

-has triggered **recurring discussions** ~ and **the proliferation of a plentitude of theories** ~. 동사 + 목적어1 and 목적어2

- , which = they (discussions and the proliferation)

-attribute A to B, A의 원인을 B로 돌리다

--폭력의 원인을 전쟁, 마약중독... 으로 돌리다

-S+V, ~ing 구문에서 S가 which ; , even suggesting 그리고 심지어 말하기까지 한다

As part of an effort to understand the **predisposition to** violence, scientists have attempted to speculate on a biological explanation for this behavior.

--에 취약한 성향, 폭력을 사용하기 쉬운 성향

Some scientists have considered a direct relationship between **the likelihood a person will commit a violent crime** and the level of **serotonin, an organic compound believed to play an integral role in the regulation of** mood, sleep, and appetite, present in the brain.

-the likelihood that a person will commit a violent crime, 동격 that ; 한 사람이 폭력적 범죄를 저지를 거라는 가능성

-serotonin, ~~which is an organic compound~~

-an organic compound ~~which is believed to play an integral role in the regulation of~~

-is believed to ~, ~한다고 믿어지다

-play an role (in) (~에) 역할을 하다

the regulation of ; 종종 추상명사+전치사를 동명사로 해석 가능 → 기분을 조절하는데 중요한 역할을 하다