

* 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은? (1~2)

1. At least in high school she made one decision where she finally saw eye to eye with her parents.

- ① quarreled ② disputed
③ parted ④ agreed

2. Justifications are accounts in which one accepts responsibility for the act in question, but denies the pejorative quality associated with it.

- ① derogatory ② extrovert
③ mandatory ④ redundant

* 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? (3~5)

3. Tests ruled out dirt and poor sanitation as causes of yellow fever, and a mosquito was the _____ carrier.

- ① suspected ② uncivilized
③ cheerful ④ volunteered

4. Generally speaking, people living in 2018 are pretty fortunate when you compare modern times to the full scale of human history. Life expectancy _____ at around 72 years, and diseases like smallpox and diphtheria, which were widespread and deadly only a century ago, are preventable, curable, or altogether eradicated.

- ① curtails ② hovers
③ initiates ④ aggravates

5. To imagine that there are concrete patterns to past events, which can provide _____ for our lives and decisions, is to project on to history a hope for a certainty which it cannot fulfill.

- ① hallucinations ② templates
③ inquiries ④ commotion

6. 대화 중 가장 어색한 것은?

- ① A : What was the movie like on Saturday?
B : Great. I really enjoyed it.
② A : Hello. I'd like to have some shirts pressed.
B : Yes, how soon will you need them?
③ A : Would you like a single or a double room?
B : Oh, it's just for me, so a single is fine.
④ A : What time is the next flight to Boston?
B : It will take about 45 minutes to get to Boston.

* 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 가장 옳지 않은 것은? (7~10)

7. Inventor Elias Howe attributed the discovery of the sewing machine ① for a dream ② in which he was captured by cannibals. He noticed as they danced around him ③ that there were holes at the tips of spears, and he realized this was the design feature he needed ④ to solve his problem.

8. By 1955 Nikita Khrushchev ① had been emerged as Stalin's successor in the USSR, and he ② embarked on a policy of "peaceful coexistence" ③ whereby East and West ④ were to continue their competition, but in a less confrontational manner.

9. Squid, octopuses, and cuttlefish are all ① types of cephalopods. ② Each of these animals has special cells under its skin that ③ contains pigment, a colored liquid. A cephalopod can move these cells toward or away from its skin. This allows it ④ to change the pattern and color of its appearance.

10. There is a more serious problem than ① maintaining the cities. As people become more comfortable working alone, they may become ② less social. It's ③ easier to stay home in comfortable exercise clothes or a bathrobe than ④ getting dressed for yet another business meeting!

11. 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Economists say that production of an information good involves high fixed costs but low marginal costs. The cost of producing the first copy of an information good may be substantial, but the cost of producing(or reproducing) additional copies is negligible. This sort of cost structure has many important implications. For example, cost-based pricing just doesn't work: a 10 or 20 percent markup on unit cost makes no sense when unit cost is zero. You must price your information goods according to consumer value, not according to your production cost.

- ① Securing the Copyright
- ② Pricing the Information Goods
- ③ Information as Intellectual Property
- ④ The Cost of Technological Change

12. 밑줄 친 부분이 지칭하는 대상이 다른 것은?

Dracula ants get their name for the way they sometimes drink the blood of their own young. But this week, ① the insects have earned a new claim to fame. Dracula ants of the species *Mystrium camillae* can snap their jaws together so fast, you could fit 5,000 strikes into the time it takes us to blink an eye. This means ② the blood-suckers wield the fastest known movement in nature, according to a study published this week in the journal *Royal Society Open Science*. Interestingly, the ants produce their record-breaking snaps simply by pressing their jaws together so hard that ③ they bend. This stores energy in one of the jaws, like a spring, until it slides past the other and lashes out with extraordinary speed and force—reaching a maximum velocity of over 200 miles per hour. It's kind of like what happens when you snap your fingers, only 1,000 times faster. Dracula ants are secretive predators as ④ they prefer to hunt under the leaf litter or in subterranean tunnels.

13. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 옳은 것은?

I am writing to you from a train in Germany, sitting on the floor. The train is crowded, and all the seats are taken. However, there is a special class of “comfort customers” who are allowed to make those already seated _____ their seats.

- ① give up
- ② take
- ③ giving up
- ④ taken

※ 글의 흐름상 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?
(14~16)

14. A country’s wealth plays a central role in education, so lack of funding and resources from a nation-state can weaken a system. Governments in sub-Saharan Africa spend only 2.4 percent of the world’s public resources on education, yet 15 percent of the school-age population lives there. _____, the United States spends 28 percent of all the money spent in the world on education, yet it houses only 4 percent of the school-age population.

- ① Nevertheless
- ② Furthermore
- ③ Conversely
- ④ Similarly

15. “Highly conscientious employees do a series of things better than the rest of us,” says University of Illinois psychologist Brent Roberts, who studies conscientiousness. Roberts owes their success to “hygiene” factors. Conscientious people have a tendency to organize their lives well. A disorganized, unconscientious person might lose 20 or 30 minutes rooting through their files to find the right document, an inefficient experience conscientious folks tend to avoid. Basically, by being conscientious, people _____ they’d otherwise create for themselves.

- ① deal with setbacks
- ② do thorough work
- ③ follow norms
- ④ sidestep stress

16. Climate change, deforestation, widespread pollution and the sixth mass extinction of biodiversity all define living in our world today—an era that has come to be known as “the Anthropocene”. These crises are underpinned by production and consumption which greatly exceeds global ecological limits, but blame is far from evenly shared. The world’s 42 wealthiest people own as much as the poorest 3.7 billion, and they generate far greater environmental impacts. Some have therefore proposed using the term “Capitalocene” to describe this era of ecological devastation and growing inequality, reflecting capitalism’s logic of endless growth and _____.

- ① the better world that is still within our reach
- ② the accumulation of wealth in fewer pockets
- ③ an effective response to climate change
- ④ a burning desire for a more viable future

17. 글의 흐름상 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Ever since the time of ancient Greek tragedy, Western culture has been haunted by the figure of the revenger. He or she stands on a whole series of borderlines: between civilization and barbarity, between _____ and the community's need for the rule of law, between the conflicting demands of justice and mercy. Do we have a right to exact revenge against those who have destroyed our loved ones? Or should we leave vengeance to the law or to the gods? And if we do take action into our own hands, are we not reducing ourselves to the same moral level as the original perpetrator of murderous deeds?

- ① redemption of the revenger from a depraved condition
- ② divine vengeance on human atrocities
- ③ moral depravity of the corrupt politicians
- ④ an individual's accountability to his or her own conscience

18. 글의 흐름상 가장 적절하지 않은 문장은?

It seems to me possible to name four kinds of reading, each with a characteristic manner and purpose. The first is reading for information—reading to learn about a trade, or politics, or how to accomplish something. ① We read a newspaper this way, or most textbooks, or directions on how to assemble a bicycle. ② With most of this material, the reader can learn to scan the page quickly, coming up with what he needs and ignoring what is irrelevant to him, like the rhythm of the sentence, or the play of metaphor. ③ We also register a track of feeling through the metaphors and associations of words. ④ Courses in speed reading can help us read for this purpose, training the eye to jump quickly across the page.

19. <보기>의 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 것은?

<보기>

In this situation, we would expect to find less movement of individuals from one job to another because of the individual's social obligations toward the work organization to which he or she belongs and to the people comprising that organization.

Cultural differences in the meaning of work can manifest themselves in other aspects as well. (①) For example, in American culture, it is easy to think of work simply as a means to accumulate money and make a living. (②) In other cultures, especially collectivistic ones, work may be seen more as fulfilling an obligation to a larger group. (③) In individualistic cultures, it is easier to consider leaving one job and going to another because it is easier to separate jobs from the self. (④) A different job will just as easily accomplish the same goals.

20. 글을 문맥에 가장 어울리는 순서대로 배열한 것은?

- ⑦ To navigate in the dark, a microbat flies with its mouth open, emitting high-pitched squeaks that humans cannot hear. Some of these sounds echo off flying insects as well as tree branches and other obstacles that lie ahead. The bat listens to the echo and gets an instantaneous picture in its brain of the objects in front of it.
- ⑧ Microbats, the small, insect-eating bats found in North America, have tiny eyes that don't look like they'd be good for navigating in the dark and spotting prey.
- ⑨ From the use of echolocation, or sonar, as it is also called, a microbat can tell a great deal about a mosquito or any other potential meal. With extreme exactness, echolocation allows microbats to perceive motion, distance, speed, movement, and shape. Bats can also detect and avoid obstacles no thicker than a human hair.
- ⑩ But, actually, microbats can see as well as mice and other small mammals. The nocturnal habits of bats are aided by their powers of echolocation, a special ability that makes feeding and flying at night much easier than one might think.

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| ① ⑦ – ⑧ – ⑨ – ⑩ | ② ⑧ – ⑩ – ⑦ – ⑨ |
| ③ ⑨ – ⑦ – ⑩ – ⑧ | ④ ⑦ – ⑩ – ⑨ – ⑧ |

이 면은 여백입니다.