## 문제1.

Q밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

When the Inuit first explored the Arctic in their kayaks, they faced freezing temperatures, angry polar bears and the risk of being crushed between shifting ice flows. \_\_\_\_\_\_, kayaking in Asia is a much more pleasant affair. The highly mobile craft - now made of fiberglass and plastic rather than the traditional sealskin - is a handy vehicle for exploring Asia's tiny islands and hidden beaches, and a growing number of adventure travel companies are offering trips that don't require exceptional courage.

- ① By comparison
- 2 In addition
- ③ In particular
- ④ At first glance

정답 ①

## 문제2.

In the tundra, where Inuit communities are found, there are not many building materials. No trees grow in the tundra so houses can not be made from wood unless it is transported from elsewhere. However, during a large part of the year, the cold part, there is a lot of snow in the tundra. And it turns out that snow can be a very good construction material. In the winter, Inuit lived in round houses made from blocks of snow called "igloos". In the summer, when the snow melted, Inuit lived in tent-like huts made of animal skins stretched over a frame. Although most Inuit people today live in the same community year-round, and live in homes built of other construction materials that have to be imported, in the past Inuit would migrate between a summer and winter camp which was shared by several families.

excerpted from https://www.windows2universe.org/earth/polar/inuit\_culture.html