

2017 0617 9급 지방직

1. 총평

2017년 지방직 영어의 난이도는 작년에 비해 높았다고 말씀드릴 수 있습니다.
 특히 **생활영어** 문제 중 하나는 관용표현과 관련이 되었으며, 문법 4문제가 전무 문장 및 영작문제로 출제가 되어 **문법이** 비교적 약한 학생들에게 상당히 불리한 시험이 되었을 것입니다.
 하지만, **독해는 변별력**이 있으면서, 과하게 **어렵지 않게 기출** 되었다라고 말씀드릴 수 있습니다. 그 이유는 정답의 근거가 지문 및 선택지에 명확하게 제시가 되었기 때문입니다.
 그러나 시간관리 및 마지막 문제가 완성형문제라는 것을 고려했을 때 **체감난이도**는 상당했을것으로 판단할 수 있습니다.

이러한 이유로, 어휘, 문법, 독해 등을 균형 있게 공부하신 분들은 자신이 목표하신 점수 이상을 획득하셨을 것으로 기대합니다. 특히 생활영어 및 주제성 독해가 쉽게 나온 것이 여러분들에게 충분한 시간확보를 하게 도와주어 사실일치 불일치 문제까지 꼼꼼히 읽고 정답을 고를 수 있게 했을 것입니다.
 앞으로 남아있는 시험에서도, 수험생 여러분들이 문법, 어휘, 독해적인 측면에서 반복적으로 기출이 되는 포인트를 놓치지 않고 준비하셔서, 목표하시는 점수를 획득하시기를 바랍니다.

2. 유형분석

구분		세부유형		세부사항	
어휘	4	단어	2	surrogate=proxy;	
		숙어	2	keep one's feet on the ground; on the fence	
문법	4	문장	2	· 명사절: 동사 + that (완전한문장) · 도치구문+동사의 수의 일치: 형용사(PP)+BE+주어	
		영작	2	· 비교구문 : prefer to 부정사 rather to 부정사 · 품사구문 : the 형용사 = 보통명사	
생활영어	2	문맥파악	1	drift away;	
		관용표현	1	rack one's brain	
독해	11	주제찾기	2		
		사실찾기	2		
		빈칸완성	3		
		일관성	3	글의순서	1
				문장넣기	1
문장빼기	1				
총계	20		20		

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문 1. 다음 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

A: I just received a letter from one of my old high school buddies.
 B: That's nice!
 A: Well, actually it's been a long time since I heard from him.
 B: To be honest, I've been out of touch with most of my old friends.
 A: I know. It's really hard to maintain contact when people move around so much.
 B: You're right. _____. But you're lucky to be back in touch with your buddy again.

- ① The days are getting longer
- ② People just drift apart
- ③ That's the funniest thing I've ever heard of
- ④ I start fuming whenever I hear his name

[정답] ②

[해석]

A: 나는 오래전에 학교 친구 중 한명으로부터 편지를 방금 받았어.
 B: 좋은 일이군!
 A: 음, 실제로, 내가 그로부터 소식을 들은 지 오래되었지.
 C: 솔직히 말하자면, 나는 나의 오래된 친구하고 연락이 되지 않았지.
 A: 나도 알아, 사람들이 여기저기 돌아다닐 때, 연락을 유지하기 어렵지.
 B: 네 말이 맞아. 사람들하고 사이가 당연히 멀어지지. 그러나 운이 좋게도 너의 친구와 다시 연락이 닿았구나.
 ① 낮이 점점 길어지다
 ② 사람들이 당연히 멀어지다
 ③ 내가 들었던 것 중 가장 재미있는 일이다.
 ④ 내가 그의 이름을 들을 때마다 나는 화를 내기 시작한다

A: I just received a letter from one of my old high school buddies.
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 A: I know. It's really hard to maintain contact when people move around so much.
 B: You're right. _____. But you're lucky to be back in touch with your buddy again.

- ① The days are getting longer 낮이 점점 길어지다
 - ② People just drift apart 사람들이 당연히 멀어지다
 - ③ That's the funniest thing I've ever heard of 내가 들었던 것 중 가장 재미있는 일이다.
 - ④ I start fuming whenever I hear his name 내가 그의 이름을 들을 때마다 나는 화를 내기 시작한다
- ① The days are getting longer 낮이 점점 길어지다
 - ② **People just drift apart 사람들이 당연히 멀어지다**
 - ③ That's the funniest thing I've ever heard of 내가 들었던 것 중 가장 재미있는 일이다.
 - ④ I start fuming whenever I hear his name 내가 그의 이름을 들을 때마다 나는 화를 내기 시작한다

[어휘]

■ drift apart 사이가 멀어지다

: drift 흘러가 + apart 떨어지는, 갈가지는
 → 흘러가 떨어지다 ⇒ 멀어지다

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
②	②	①	④	①	②	④	④	③	④	③	③	④	③	④	③	④	①	③	②

문 2. 다음 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

A: What are you getting Ted for his birthday? I'm getting him a couple of baseball caps.

B: I've been _____ trying to think of just the right gift. I don't have an inkling of what he needs.

A: Why don't you get him an album? He has a lot of photos.

B: That sounds perfect! Why didn't I think of that? Thanks for the suggestion!

- ① collecting photo albums
- ② racking my brain
- ③ sleeping all day
- ④ contacted by him

[정답] ②**[해석]**

A: 테드, 그의 생일에 뭐를 선물할거니? 나는 두 세개의 야구모자를 선물할 예정이다.

B: 나는 선물을 생각하느라 애쓰고 있어. 나는 그가 필요로 하는 것을 알 수가 없어.

A: 그에게 앨범을 선물하는 건 어떠니? 그는 많은 사진을 가지고 있어.

B: 그거 완벽한데! 왜 나는 그것을 생각하지 못했지? 제안 고마워!

- ① 사진앨범을 수집하는
- ② 머리를 짜내는 중인
- ③ 하루 종일 잠을 자는
- ④ 그에 의해 연락이 된

[해설]

대화의 주제는 Ted의 생일선물이다. 올바른 생일선물에 대하여 생각하면서 할 수 있는 있는 행위는, 당연히 머리를 짜내다라는 표현인 "racking my brain"이다.

A: What are you getting Ted for his birthday? I'm getting him a couple of baseball caps.

B: I've been _____ trying to think of just the right gift. I don't have an inkling of what he needs.

A: Why don't you get him an album? He has a lot of photos.

B: That sounds perfect! Why didn't I think of that? Thanks for the suggestion!

- ① collecting photo albums 사진앨범을 수집하는
- ② **racking my brain 머리를 짜내는 중인**
- ③ sleeping all day 하루 종일 잠을 자는
- ④ contacted by him 그에 의해 연락이 된

[연구]**rack the brain 머리를 짜내다**

: rack (짜내다) + the brain (뇌, 머리)

→ 머리를 짜내다 ⇒ 생각하려 애를 쓰다, 머리를 짜내다

- ▶ try to come up with; try to devise
- ▶ beat one's brain
- ▶ cudgel one's brain

문 3. 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오.

Some of the newest laws authorize people to appoint a **surrogate** who can make medical decisions for them when necessary.

- ① proxy
- ② sentry
- ③ predecessor
- ④ plunder

[정답] ①**[해석]**

가장 최근의 법률들중 일부는 사람들로 하여금 필요할 때 그들을 위한 의학적인 결정을 할 수 있는 대리인을 임명(지정)하도록 권한을 부여한다.

- ① proxy 대리인
- ② sentry 보초, 초병
- ③ predecessor 전임자
- ④ plunder 약탈자

Some of the newest laws authorize people to appoint a **surrogate** who can make medical decisions for them when necessary.

- ① proxy 대리인
- ② sentry 보초, 초병
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① proxy 대리인

- ② sentry 보초, 초병
- ③ predecessor 전임자
- ④ plunder 약탈자

[아휘분석]**■ surrogate 대리인, 대리; 대용품; 대신의; 의 대리로 임명하다**

: sur<sub (아래, 강조) + rog (요구) + ate (동사)

→ 아래에서 요구하면 할 수 있는 것/요구하다 ⇒ 대리인, 대리; 대용품; 대신의; 의 대리로 임명하다

- ▶ **proxy** 대리인
- ▶ **deputy** 대리인; 대표자
- ▶ **substitute** 대용품, 대용할 수 있는 것

문 4. 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오.

A: He thinks he can achieve anything.

B: Yes, he needs to **keep his feet on the ground**.

- ① live in a world of his own
 ② relax and enjoy himself
 ③ be brave and confident
 ④ remain sensible and realistic about life

[정답] ④**[해석]**

A: 그는 어떤 것이든지 성취할 수 있다고 생각해.

B: 그렇지 (그는 그렇게 생각하지). 그는 더 현실적인 필요가 있어.

- ① live in a world of his own 그는 자신의 세계에서 살아
 ② relax and enjoy himself 그는 편하게 즐긴다
 ③ be brave and confident 용감하고 자신감이 있다
 ④ remain sensible and realistic about life 삶에 대해 지각 있고 현실적인 상태로 있다

[해설]**[연구]****■ keep one's feet on the ground 기반을 굳히다; 들떠있지 않다; 현실적이다.**

: keep one's feet (자신의 말을) + on the ground (땅에 두다)

→ 자신의 발을 땅에 두다 ⇒ 기반을 굳히다; 들떠있지 않다; 현실적이다.

A: He thinks he can achieve anything.

B: Yes, he needs to **keep his feet on the ground**.

- ① live in a world of his own 그는 자신의 세계에서 살아
 ② relax and enjoy himself 그는 편하게 즐긴다
 ③ be brave and confident 용감하고 자신감이 있다
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① live in a world of his own 그는 자신의 세계에서 살아

② relax and enjoy himself 그는 편하게 즐긴다

③ be brave and confident 용감하고 자신감이 있다

④ **remain sensible and realistic about life 삶에 대해 지각 있고 현실적인 상태로 있다****[해설]****[해설]**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
②	②	①	④	①	②	④	④	③	④	③	③	④	③	④	③	④	①	③	②

문 5. 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오.

She is on the fence about going to see the Mon Lisa at the Louvre Meseum.

- ① undecided
- ② apprehensive
- ③ enthusiastic
- ④ anguished

[정답] ①

[해석] 그녀는 루브르 박물관에 있는 모자리자를 보러가는 것에 대하여 결정하지 못한 상태로 있다.

- ① undecided 결정하지 않은
- ② apprehensive 걱정하는
- ③ enthusiastic 열의가 있는, 열심인
- ④ anguished 괴로워하는

[해설]

[연구]

■ sit on the fence 중립적인 태도를 취하다

: sit (앉다) + on the fence (울타리위에)

→ 울타리위에 올라 사태를 관망하다 ⇒ 중립적인 태도를 취하다

- ▶ be neutral
- ▶ be undecided

[fence 관련표현]

- ☐ be on a person's side of the fence 아무의 편을 들다.
- ☐ come down on the right side of the fence 이길 듯한 쪽에 붙다.
- ☐ on the other side of the fence 반대측에 [으로], 반대당에 참가하여.
- ☐ sit on [stand on, straddle, walk] the fence 형세를 관망하다 [보아 거취를 정하다] .
- ☐ take the fence 1 울을 두르다. 2 말하기 거북한 것을 마음먹고 말하다.

문 6. 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

- ① You might think that just eating a lot of vegetables will keep you perfectly healthy.
- ② Academic knowledge isn't always that leads you to make right decisions.
- ③ The fear of getting hurt didn't prevent him from engaging in reckless behaviors.
- ④ Julie's doctor told her to stop eating so many processed foods.

[정답] ②

[해석]

- ① 당신은 많은 채소들을 먹는 것이 당신을 완벽하게 건강하게 유지할 것이라고 생각할 수 있다.
- ② 학구적인 지식이 항상 올바른 결정들로 이끄는 것은 아니다.
- ③ 다치는 것에 대한 두려움은 그를 부주의한 행동들과 관련되지 못하게 하는 것은 아니다.
- ④ Julie의 의사는 그녀에게 너무 많은 가공 음식들을 먹지 말라고 말했다.

[해설]

- ① You might think that just eating a lot of vegetables will keep you **perfectly healthy**.
- ② Academic knowledge isn't always **that leads you to make right decisions**.
- ③ The fear of getting hurt didn't prevent him **from engaging in reckless behaviors**.
- ④ Julie's doctor told her **to stop eating so many processed foods**.

① You might think that just eating a lot of vegetables will keep you [perfectly healthy / perfect healthy / perfectly healthful].

⇒ perfectly healthy

▶ [해설] (keep 의 보어): keep 의 목적보어는 형용사가 나온다. 이 형용사를 **perfectly**라는 부사가 수식할 수 있다. cf. **healthy** 건강한, **healthful** 건강에 좋은

② Academic knowledge isn't always [that/what] leads you to make right decisions.

⇒ what

▶ [해설] (명사절접속사): 동사다움에 오는 **that**절은 완전한문장의 구조로 되며, **what**절은 불완전한문장으로 구성된다. 따라서, **what**으로 표현해야 한다.

③ The fear of getting hurt didn't prevent him [from engaging/to engage] in reckless behaviors.

⇒ from engaging

▶ [해설] (금지동사의 용법): 금지동사는 목적어 다음에 "**from** 동명사"로 금지의 의미를 나타낸다. 따라서, **from** 동명사가 옳은 표현이다.

④ Julie's doctor told her [to stop/stop] eating so many processed foods.

⇒ to stop

▶ [해설] (tell 의 목적보어): tell은 일반동사이므로 목적보어로 **to** 부정사가 나온다. cf. 사역동사[make, have, let]의 보어는 원형부정사/과거분사

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
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문 7. 어법상 옳은 것은?

- ① The oceans contain many forms of life that has not yet been discovered.
 ② The rings of Saturn are so distant to be seen from Earth without a telescope.
 ③ The Aswan High Dam has been protected Egypt from the famines of its neighboring countries.
 ④ Included in this series is “The Enchanted Horse,” among other famous children’s stories.

[정답] ④ [해설] (도치구문의 수의 일치): “형용사 BE 주어”의 도치구문으로 문장의 주어가 작품이름으로 단수이므로 단수동사가 정확히 옳은 표현이다.

[해석]

- ① 대양들은 아직까지 발견되지 않은 생명을 가진 많은 생물들을 가지고 있다.
 ② 토성의 링들은 너무 거리가 멀어서 지구에서는 망원경없이 관측될 수 없다.
 ③ The Aswan Hing Dam은 Egypt를 주변국들의 기근(식량부족)으로부터 보호해왔다.
 ④ 이러한 시리즈들에 “The Enchanted Horse”가 다른 유명한 어린이의 이야기들 중에 포함되어 있다.

- ① The oceans contain many forms of life **that has not yet been discovered**.
 ② The rings of Saturn are **so** distant **to be seen from Earth without a telescope**.
 ③ The Aswan High Dam **has been protected** Egypt from the famines of its neighboring countries.
 ④ Included in this series **is** “The Enchanted Horse,” among other famous children’s stories.

[해설]

① The oceans contain many forms of life that [has/have] not yet been discovered. ⇒ have

▶ [해설] (관계사절의 수의 일치): 많은 생물들 (**many forms of life**)를 수식하고 있음으로 복수동사로 표현한다.

② The rings of Saturn are [so/too] distant to be seen from Earth without a telescope. ⇒ too

▶ [해설] (연결어>too~to): to 부정사와 연결되는 표현은 so~이다.

③ The Aswan High Dam [has been protected/has protected] Egypt from the famines of its neighboring countries.

▶ [해설] (동사의 태의 일치): 목적어Egypt를 취하기 위해서는 능동태로 표현한다.

④ Included in this series [is/are] “The Enchanted Horse,” among other famous children's stories.

▶ [해설] (도치구문의 수의 일치): “형용사 BE 주어”의 도치구문으로 문장의 주어가 작품이름으로 단수이므로 단수동사가 정확히 옳은 표현이다.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
②	②	①	④	①	②	④	④	③	④	③	③	④	③	④	③	④	①	③	②

문 8. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Soils of farmlands used for growing crops are being carried away by water and wind erosion at rates between 10 and 40 times the rates of soil formation, and between 500 and 10,000 times soil erosion rates on forested land. Because those soil erosion rates are so much higher than soil formation rates, that means a net loss of soil. For instance, about half of the top soil of Iowa, the state whose agriculture productivity is among the highest in the U.S., has been eroded in the last 150 years. On my most recent visit to Iowa, my hosts showed me a churchyard offering a dramatically visible example of those soil losses. A church was built there in the middle of farmland during the 19th century and has been maintained continuously as a church ever since, while the land around it was being farmed. As a result of soil being eroded much more rapidly from fields than from the churchyard, the yard now stands like a little island raised 10 feet above the surrounding sea of farmland.

- ① Iowa has maintained its top soil in the last 150 years.
- ② The rate of soil formation in farmlands is faster than that of soil erosion.
- ③ Iowa's agricultural productivity has accelerated its soil formation.
- ④ A churchyard in Iowa is higher than the surrounding farmland.

[정답] ④

[해석]

[해설]

(1)농작물 재배를 위해 사용되는 농경지의 토양은 수식작용 및 풍식작용으로 인해 토양이 생성되는 속도보다 10배에서 40배 빠르게 진행되며, 삼림지역의 토양침식 속도에 비해 500배에서 10,000배 빠르게 유실된다. (2)이러한 토양침식 속도는 토양생성 속도보다 매우 높기 때문에 토양소실로 이어진다. (3)예를 들어, 미국 내 농업생산성이 가장 높은 주들 중 하나인 아이오와에서는 지난 150년간 표토의 절반정도가 침식되어왔다. (4)나는 최근 IOWA를 방문하였는데, 방문 기간동안 주회 측에서 심각하게 토양이 유실된 사례로 교회 부지를 보여주었다. (5)이 곳에는 지난 19세기에 농장 한 가운데 교회가 건축되었는데, 그 이후 이 건물은 계속 교회로 사용되었고 교회를 둘러싼 부지는 농장으로 개간되었다. (6)그 결과 교회 부지보다 주위의 농장 부지의 토양이 보다 빠르게 침식되었고, 오늘날 교회 부지의 고도는 주위 농장보다 10피트 위에 위치하게 되었다.

- ① 아이오와는 최근 150년동안 자신의 최고의 토양을 유지했다. ⇒
- ② 농장지에서의 토양의 형성속도는 통양침식의 속도보다 더 빠르다
- ③ 아이오와의 농업생산성은 자신의 통양형성을 초과했다
- ④ 아이오와의 한 교회의 뜰은 주변의 농장지보다 더 높다

[해설]

① 아이오와는 최근 150년동안 자신의 표토(겉토)를 유지했다. ⇒ (4) 150 년 동안 표토의 절반이 소실되었다.

② 농장지에서의 토양의 형성속도는 통양침식의 속도보다 더 빠르다 ⇒ (1) 10배에서 40배나 침식 속도가 빠르다

③ 아이오와의 농업생산성은 자신의 통양형성을 초과했다 ⇒ (3) 아이오와의 농산생산성이 미국에서 가장 높다

④ 아이오와의 한 교회의 뜰은 주변의 농장지보다 더 높다 ⇒ (6) 오늘날 교회 부지의 고도는

주위 농장보다 10피트 위에 위치하게 되었다.

(1)Soils of farmlands used for growing crops are being carried away by water and wind erosion at rates between 10 and 40 times the rates of soil formation, and between 500 and 10,000 times soil erosion rates on forested land. (2)Because those soil erosion rates are so much higher than soil formation rates, that means a net loss of soil. (3)For instance, about half of the top soil of Iowa, the state whose agriculture productivity is among the highest in the U.S., has been eroded in the last 150 years. (4)On my most recent visit to Iowa, my hosts showed me a churchyard offering a dramatically visible example of those soil losses. (5)A church was built there in the middle of farmland during the 19th century and has been maintained continuously as a church ever since, while the land around it was being farmed. (6)As a result of soil being eroded much more rapidly from fields than from the churchyard, the yard now stands like a little island raised 10 feet above the surrounding sea of farmland.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
②	②	①	④	①	②	④	④	③	④	③	③	④	③	④	③	④	①	③	②

문 9. 다음 글의 흐름상 가장 어색한 문장은?

Whether you've been traveling, focusing on your family, or going through a busy season at work, 14 days out of the gym takes its toll—not just on your muscles, but your performance, brain, and sleep, too. ① **Most experts agree that after two weeks, you're in trouble if you don't get back in the gym.** “At the two week point without exercising, there are a multitude of physiological markers that naturally reveal a reduction of fitness level,” says Scott Weiss, a New York-based exercise physiologist and trainer who works with elite athletes. ② **After all, despite all of its abilities, the human body (even the fit human body) is a very sensitive system and physiological changes (muscle strength or a greater aerobic base) that come about through training will simply disappear if your training load dwindles, he notes.** Since the demand of training isn't present, your body simply slinks back toward baseline. ③ **More protein is required to build more muscles at a rapid pace in your body.** ④ **Of course, how much and how quickly you'll decondition depends on a slew of factors like how fit you are, your age, and how long sweating has been a habit.** “Two to eight months of not exercising at all will reduce your fitness level to as if you never exercised before,” Weiss notes.

[정답] ③

[해석]

[해설] 당신이 14일동안 운동을 하지 않으면 (체육관으로 돌아오지 않으면) 당신의 근육뿐만 아니라 당신의 수행능력, 뇌, 잠등에도 영향을 미친다는 주제를 바탕으로 글이 이어진다.

① 대부분의 전문가들도 이것에 동의한다

② 사람의 몸은 매우 민감한 시스템이고 운동을 통해 생긴 생리적인 변화는 운동을 하지 않으면 없어진다

③ 더 많은 단백질이 당신의 몸에서 빠른 속도로 필요하다

④ 얼마나 많이 얼마나 빠르게 다시 돌아오는지는 많은 요소들에 따라 달라진다는 진술에서 단백질에 대한 진술이 운동과 관련된 글의 일관성에서 위반된다.

Whether you've been traveling, focusing on your family, or going through a busy season at work, **14 days out of the gym takes its toll(주제문) — not just on your muscles, but your performance, brain, and sleep, too(재진술).** ① **Most experts agree that after two weeks, you're in trouble if you don't get back in the gym.** “At the two week point without exercising, there are a multitude of physiological markers that naturally reveal a reduction of fitness level,” says Scott Weiss, a New York-based exercise physiologist and trainer who works with elite athletes. ② **After all, despite all of its abilities, the human body (even the fit human body) is a very sensitive system and physiological changes (muscle strength or a greater aerobic base) that come about through training will simply disappear if your training load dwindles, he notes.** Since the demand of training isn't present, your body simply slinks back toward baseline. ③ **More protein is required to build more muscles at a rapid pace in your body.** ④ **Of course, how much and how quickly you'll decondition depends on a slew of factors like how fit you are, your age, and how long sweating has been a habit.** “Two to eight months of not exercising at all will reduce your fitness level to as if you never exercised before,” Weiss notes.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
②	②	①	④	①	②	④	④	③	④	③	③	④	③	④	③	④	①	③	②

문 10. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Before the fifteenth century, all four characteristics of the witch (night flying, secret meetings, harmful magic, and the devil's pact) were ascribed individually or in limited combination by the church to its adversaries, including Templars, heretics, learned magicians, and other dissident groups. Folk beliefs about the supernatural emerged in peasant confessions during witch trials. The most striking difference between popular and learned notions of witchcraft lay in the folk belief that the witch had innate supernatural powers not derived from the devil. For learned men, this bordered on heresy. Supernatural powers were never human in origin, nor could witches derive their craft from the tradition of learned magic, which required a scholarly training at the university, a masculine preserve at the time. A witch's power necessarily came from the pact she made with the devil.

- ① The folk and learned men had different views on the source of the witch's supernatural powers.
- ② According to the folk belief, supernatural powers belonged to the essential nature of the witch.
- ③ Four characteristics of the witch were attributed by the church to its dissident groups.
- ④ Learned men believed that the witch's power came from a scholarly training at the university.

[정답] ④**[해석]****[해설]**

- ① The folk and learned men had different views on the source of the witch's supernatural powers.
- ② According to the folk belief, supernatural powers belonged to the essential nature of the witch.
- ③ Four characteristics of the witch were attributed by the church to its dissident groups.
- ④ Learned men believed that the witch's power came from a scholarly training at the university. ⇒(5)(6) 초자연적인 힘은 이교도에 근접하며, 근본적으로 인간의 것이 아니고 학습되는 마술의 전통을 통해서도 나올 수 없으며. 이것은 분명히 악마와의 계약을 통해서 나왔다는 진술을 통해 불일치 함을 알 수 있다.

(1)Before the fifteenth century, all four characteristics of the witch (night flying, secret meetings, harmful magic, and the devil's pact) were ascribed individually or in limited combination by the church to its adversaries, including Templars, heretics, learned magicians, and other dissident groups. (2)Folk beliefs about the supernatural emerged in peasant confessions during witch trials. (3)The most striking difference between popular and learned notions of witchcraft lay in the folk belief that the witch had innate supernatural powers not derived from the devil. (4)For learned men, this bordered on heresy. (5) Supernatural powers were never human in origin, nor could witches derive their craft from the tradition of learned magic, which required a scholarly training at the university, a masculine preserve at the time. (6)A witch's power necessarily came from the pact she made with the devil.

[연구]

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
②	②	①	④	①	②	④	④	③	④	③	③	④	③	④	③	④	①	③	②

문 11. 주어진 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 것은?

Fortunately, however, the heavy supper she had eaten caused her to become tired and ready to fall asleep.

Various duties awaited me on my arrival. I had to sit with the girls during their hour of study. (①) Then it was my turn to read prayers; to see them to bed. Afterwards I ate with the other teachers. (②) Even when we finally retired for the night, the inevitable Miss Gryce was still my companion. We had only a short end of candle in our candlestick, and I dreaded lest she should talk till it was all burnt out. (③) She was already snoring before I had finished undressing. There still remained an inch of candle. (④) I now took out my letter; the seal was an initial F. I broke it; the contents were brief.

[정답] ③

[해석]

[해설] 그녀가 먹은 많은 식사가 그녀를 피곤하게 해서 잠에 빠지게 할 준비가 되게 하였다는 제시문이 원인이 되며, 그 결과 그녀는 코를 골고 있었다(잠을 자고 있었다)가 그 결과가 된다. 따라서 그 위치는 ③번이 된다.

[연구]

Fortunately, however, **the heavy supper she had eaten caused her to become tired and ready to fall asleep.**

Various duties awaited me on my arrival. I had to sit with the girls during their hour of study. (①) Then it was my turn to read prayers; to see them to bed. Afterwards I ate with the other teachers. (②) Even when we finally retired for the night, the inevitable Miss Gryce was still my companion. We had only a short end of candle in our candlestick, and I dreaded lest she should talk till it was all burnt out. (③) **She was already snoring** before I had finished undressing. There still remained an inch of candle. (④) I now took out my letter; the seal was an initial F. I broke it; the contents were brief.

문 12. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Fear and its companion pain are two of the most useful things that men and animals possess, if they are properly used. If fire did not hurt when it burnt, children would play with it until their hands were burnt away. Similarly, if pain existed but fear did not, a child would burn himself again and again, because fear would not warn him to keep away from the fire that had burnt him before. A really fearless soldier—and some do exist—is not a good soldier, because he is soon killed; and a dead soldier is of no use to his army. Fear and pain are therefore two guards without which human beings and animals might soon die out.

- ① Children's Association with Fear and Pain
 ② Disapproval of Fear and Pain
 ③ Indispensability of Fear and Pain
 ④ Obscurity of Fear and Pain in Soldiers

[정답] ③

[해석]

[해설]

[연구] 첫문장이 주제문으로 두려움과 그 친구인 고통의 중요성에 대해서 이야기 한다. 따라서, 정답은 ③번이다.

Fear and its companion pain are two of the most useful things that men and animals possess, if they are properly used. (주제문) **If fire did not hurt when it burnt, children would play with it until their hands were burnt away. Similarly, if pain existed but fear did not, a child would burn himself again and again, because fear would not warn him to keep away from the fire that had burnt him before. A really fearless soldier—and some do exist—is not a good soldier, because he is soon killed; and a dead soldier is of no use to his army. (세부사항)** **Fear and pain are therefore two guards without which human beings and animals might soon die out. (주제문)**

- ① Children's Association with Fear and Pain 아이들이 두려움과 고통을 연상하는 것
 ② Disapproval of Fear and Pain 두려움과 고통을 거절하는 것
 ③ **Indispensability of Fear and Pain 두려움과 고통의 필요성(필수불가결함)**
 ④ Obscurity of Fear and Pain in Soldiers 군인들에서 고통과 두려움의 불분명함

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
②	②	①	④	①	②	④	④	③	④	③	③	④	③	④	③	④	①	③	②

문 13. 우리말을 영어로 잘못 옮긴 것을 고르시오.

- ① 나는 매달 두세 번 그에게 전화하기로 규칙을 세웠다.
→ I made it a rule to call him two or three times a month.
- ② 그는 나의 팔을 붙잡고 도움을 요청했다.
→ He grabbed me by the arm and asked for help.
- ③ 폭우로 인해 그 강은 120 cm 상승했다.
→ Owing to the heavy rain, the river has risen by 120 cm.
- ④ 나는 눈 오는 날 밖에 나가는 것보다 집에 있는 것을 더 좋아한다.
→ I prefer to staying home than to going out on a snowy day.

[정답] ④

[해석]

[해설]

- ① 나는 매달 두세 번 그에게 전화하기로 규칙을 세웠다.
→ I made it a rule to call him two or three times a month.
- ② 그는 나의 팔을 붙잡고 도움을 요청했다.
→ He grabbed me by the arm and asked for help.
- ③ 폭우로 인해 그 강은 120 cm 상승했다.
→ Owing to the heavy rain, the river has risen by 120 cm.
- ④ 나는 눈 오는 날 밖에 나가는 것보다 집에 있는 것을 더 좋아한다.
→ I prefer to staying home than to going out on a snowy day.

① 나는 매달 두세 번 그에게 전화하기로 규칙을 세웠다.

→ I made [it a rule / a rule] to call him two or three times a month. ⇒ it a rule

▶ [해설] ():

② 그는 나의 팔을 붙잡고 도움을 요청했다.

→ He grabbed me [by the arm/by his arm] and [asked for/has asked] help.

⇒ by the arm / asked for

▶ [해설] (정관사/명령구문+ask 용법):

③ 폭우로 인해 그 강은 120 cm 상승했다.

→ Owing to the heavy rain, the river [has risen/has been risen] by 120 cm.

⇒ has risen

▶ [해설] (자동사의 태):

④ 나는 눈 오는 날 밖에 나가는 것보다 집에 있는 것을 더 좋아한다.

→ I prefer [to staying/to stay] home [than to going/ than to go] out on a snowy day.

⇒ to stay / than to go

▶ [해설] (비교의 일치):

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
②	②	①	④	①	②	④	④	③	④	③	③	④	③	④	③	④	①	③	②

문 14. 우리말을 영어로 잘못 옮긴 것을 고르시오.

- ① 그를 당황하게 한 것은 그녀의 거절이 아니라 그녀의 무례함이었다.
→ It was not her refusal but her rudeness that perplexed him.
- ② 부모는 아이들 앞에서 그들의 말과 행동에 대해 아무리 신중해도 지나치지 않다.
→ Parents cannot be too careful about their words and actions before their children.
- ③ 환자들과 부상자들을 돌보기 위해 더 많은 의사가 필요했다.
→ More doctors were required to tend sick and wounded.
- ④ 설상가상으로, 또 다른 태풍이 곧 올 것이라는 보도가 있다.
→ To make matters worse, there is a report that another typhoon will arrive soon.

[정답] ③

[해석]

[해설]

- ① 그를 당황하게 한 것은 그녀의 거절이 아니라 그녀의 무례함이었다.
→ It was not her refusal **but** her rudeness **that** perplexed him.
- ② 부모는 아이들 앞에서 그들의 말과 행동에 대해 아무리 신중해도 지나치지 않다.
→ Parents **cannot be too careful** about their words and actions before their children.
- ③ 환자들과 부상자들을 돌보기 위해 더 많은 의사가 필요했다.
→ More doctors were required **to tend sick and wounded**.
- ④ 설상가상으로, 또 다른 태풍이 곧 올 것이라는 보도가 있다.
→ To make matters worse, there is a report **that another typhoon will arrive soon.**

① 그를 당황하게 한 것은 그녀의 거절이 아니라 그녀의 무례함이었다.
→ It was not her refusal [but/but also] her rudeness [that/what] perplexed him. ⇒ but / that

▶ [해설] (강조 및 병렬구문):

② 부모는 아이들 앞에서 그들의 말과 행동에 대해 아무리 신중해도 지나치지 않다.

→ Parents cannot be [too/so] careful about their words and actions before their children. ⇒ too

▶ [해설] (can't 관련 관용표현):

③ 환자들과 부상자들을 돌보기 위해 더 많은 의사가 필요했다.

→ More doctors were required to tend [sick and wounded / the sick and the wounded]. ⇒ the sick and the wounded

▶ [해설] (정관사용법>복수명사):

④ 설상가상으로, 또 다른 태풍이 곧 올 것이라는 보도가 있다.

→ To make matters worse, there is a report [that/what] another typhoon [will arrive/arrives] soon. ⇒ that / will arrive

▶ [해설] (that / will arrive):

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
②	②	①	④	①	②	④	④	③	④	③	③	④	③	④	③	④	①	③	②

문 15. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Our main dish did not have much flavor, but I made it more _____ by adding condiments.

- ① susceptible
- ② potable
- ③ dissolvable
- ④ palatable

[정답] ④

[해석]

[해설]

[연구]

Our main dish did not have much flavor, but I made it more _____ by adding condiments.

- ① susceptible 취약한
- ② potable 마실수 있는
- ③ dissolvable 용해될 수 있는
- ④ palatable 맛있는, 풍미 좋은

■ palatable [ˈpælətəbl̩] 음식·술이 맛있는, 맛좋은

: palat (혀로 느끼다) + able (할 수 있는)

→ 혀로 느낄 수 있는 ⇒ 맛이 좋은

- ▶ appetizing,
- ▶ delectable,
- ▶ mouth-watering,
- ▶ savory,

문 16. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

London taxi drivers have to undertake years of intense training known as “the knowledge” to gain their operating license, including learning the layout of over twenty-five thousand of the city’s streets. A researcher and her team investigated the taxi drivers and the ordinary people. The two groups were asked to watch videos of routes unfamiliar to them through a town in Ireland. They were then asked to take a test about the video that included sketching out routes, identifying landmarks, and estimating distances between places. Both groups did well on much of the test, but the taxi drivers did significantly better on identifying new routes. This result suggests that the taxi drivers’ mastery can be _____ to new and unknown areas. Their years of training and learning through deliberate practice prepare them to take on similar challenges even in places they do not know well or at all.

- ① confined
② devoted
③ generalized
④ contributed

[정답] ③

[해석]

[해설] 실험결과는 운전자들이 새로운 환경에서 잘해 낸다는 긍정적인 내용이다. 따라서, 긍정적인 진술이 정답이 될 것이고, ③④번은 문맥에서 동의어가 된다. 따라서 정답에서 제외됨으로, 정답은 ③번이다.

London taxi drivers have to undertake years of intense training known as “the knowledge” to gain their operating license, including learning the layout of over twenty-five thousand of the city’s streets. A researcher and her team investigated the taxi drivers and the ordinary people. The two groups were asked to watch videos of routes unfamiliar to them through a town in Ireland. They were then asked to take a test about the video that included sketching out routes, identifying landmarks, and estimating distances between places. **Both groups did well on much of the test, but the taxi drivers did significantly better on identifying new routes. This result (재진술) suggests that the taxi drivers’ mastery can be _____ to new and unknown areas. Their years of training and learning through deliberate practice prepare them to take on similar challenges even in places they do not know well or at all (보충설명).**

- ① confined 한정된
② devoted 헌신된
③ **generalized**
④ contributed 공헌한

문 17. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

I remember the day Lewis discovered the falls. They left their camp at sunrise and a few hours later they came upon a beautiful plain and on the plain were more buffalo than they had ever seen before in one place.

(A) A nice thing happened that afternoon, they went fishing below the falls and caught half a dozen trout, good ones, too, from sixteen to twenty-three inches long.

(B) After a while the sound was tremendous and they were at the great falls of the Missouri River. It was about noon when they got there.

(C) They kept on going until they heard the faraway sound of a waterfall and saw a distant column of spray rising and disappearing. They followed the sound as it got louder and louder.

- ① (A) - (B) - (C)
② (B) - (C) - (A)
③ (C) - (A) - (B)
④ (C) - (B) - (A)

[정답] ④**[해석]****[해설]** 폭포(C)와 관련 된 표현은 소리(B)이다. 따라서, C → B 의 순서를 고르면 된다.

I remember the day **Lewis** discovered the falls. They left their camp at sunrise and a few hours later they came upon a beautiful plain and on the plain were more buffalo than they had ever seen before in one place.

(A) **A nice thing** happened that afternoon, they went fishing below the falls and caught half a dozen trout, good ones, too, from sixteen to twenty-three inches long.

(B) After a while **the sound** was tremendous and **they** were at the great falls of the Missouri River. It was about noon when they got there.

(C) **They** kept on going until they heard the faraway sound of **a waterfall** and saw a distant column of spray rising and disappearing. They followed the sound as it got louder and louder.

- ① (A) - (B) - (C)
② (B) - (C) - (A)
③ (C) - (A) - (B)
④ **(C) - (B) - (A)**

문 18. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

Novelty-induced time expansion is a well-characterized phenomenon which can be investigated under laboratory conditions. Simply asking people to estimate the length of time they are exposed to a train of stimuli shows that novel stimuli simply seem to last longer than repetitive or unremarkable ones. In fact, just being the first stimulus in a moderately repetitive series appears to be sufficient to induce subjective time expansion. Of course, it is easy to think of reasons why our brain has evolved to work like this—presumably novel and exotic stimuli require more thought and consideration than familiar ones, so it makes sense for the brain to allocate them more subjective time.

- ① New stimuli give rise to subjective time expansion.
- ② Our physical response to stimuli influences our thoughts.
- ③ The intensity of stimuli increases with their repetition.
- ④ Response to stimuli is an important by-product of brain training.

[정답] ①

[해석]

[해설] 글의 주제는 Novelty-induced time expansion이다. 이러한 현상이 생기는 이유는 마지막문장에서 제시하듯이, 뇌가 새로운 일에 많은 주관적인 시간을 할당하기 때문이다. 따라서 이글의 주제는 반드시 “주관적인”이라는 핵심어가 포함되어 있어야 한다. 따라서, 1번이 정답이다.

Novelty-induced time expansion is a well-characterized phenomenon which can be investigated under laboratory conditions.(일반적) **Simply asking people to estimate the length of time they are exposed to a train of stimuli shows that novel stimuli simply seem to last longer than repetitive or unremarkable ones.(구체적)** **In fact**, just being the first stimulus in a moderately repetitive series appears to be sufficient to induce subjective time expansion. **Of course**, it is easy to think of reasons why our brain has evolved to work like this—presumably novel and exotic stimuli require more thought and consideration than familiar ones, **so it makes sense for the brain to allocate them more subjective time.(주제문)**

- ① New stimuli give rise to subjective time expansion.
- ② Our physical response to stimuli influences our thoughts.
- ③ The intensity of stimuli increases with their repetition.
- ④ Response to stimuli is an important by-product of brain training.

① **New stimuli give rise to subjective time expansion.**

- ② Our physical response to stimuli influences our thoughts.
- ③ The intensity of stimuli increases with their repetition.
- ④ Response to stimuli is an important by-product of brain training.

문 19. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

One of the tricks our mind plays is to highlight evidence which confirms what we already believe. If we hear gossip about a rival, we tend to think “I knew he was a nasty piece of work”; if we hear the same about our best friend, we’re more likely to say “that’s just a rumour.” Once you learn about this mental habit—called confirmation bias—you start seeing it everywhere. This matters when we want to make better decisions. Confirmation bias is OK as long as we’re right, but all too often we’re wrong, and we only pay attention to the deciding evidence when it’s too late. How _____ depends on our awareness of why, psychologically, confirmation bias happens. There are two possible reasons. One is that we have a blind spot in our imagination and the other is we fail to ask questions about new information.

- ① we make our rivals believe us
- ② our blind spot helps us make better decisions
- ③ we can protect our decisions from confirmation bias
- ④ we develop exactly the same bias

[정답] ③

[해석]

[해설] 글의 주제는 confirmation bias이다. 선택지에는 우리가 이러한 편이(판단)을 하지 않기 위한 부분을 강조하고 있다. 따라서 정답은 ③번이다.

One of the tricks our mind plays is to highlight evidence which confirms what we already believe. If we hear gossip about a rival, we tend to think “I knew he was a nasty piece of work”; if we hear the same about our best friend, we’re more likely to say “that’s just a rumour.” Once you learn about this mental habit—called confirmation bias—you start seeing it everywhere. This matters when we want to make better decisions. Confirmation bias is OK as long as we’re right, but all too often we’re wrong, and we only pay attention to the deciding evidence when it’s too late. **How _____ depends on our awareness of why, psychologically, confirmation bias happens.**(주제문) There are two possible reasons. One is that we have a blind spot in our imagination and the other is we fail to ask questions about new information.

- ① we make our rivals believe us
- ② our blind spot helps us make better decisions
- ③ we can protect our decisions from confirmation bias
- ④ we develop exactly the same bias

- ① we make our rivals believe us
- ② our blind spot helps us make better decisions

③ we can protect our decisions from confirmation bias

- ④ we develop exactly the same bias

문 20. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

For many big names in consumer product brands, exporting and producing overseas with local labor and for local tastes have been the right thing to do. In doing so, the companies found a way to improve their cost structure, to grow in the rapidly expanding consumer markets in emerging countries. But, Sweets Co. remains stuck in the domestic market. Even though its products are loaded with preservatives, which means they can endure long travel to distant markets, Sweets Co. _____, let alone produce overseas. The unwillingness or inability to update its business strategy and products for a changing world is clearly damaging to the company.

- ① is intent on importing
- ② does very little exporting
- ③ has decided to streamline operations
- ④ is expanding into emerging markets

[정답] ②

[해석]

[해설] 글의 주제가 외국에서 생산과 판매(수출)하는 것이다. 스위트회사가 성장하지 못한 이유는 외국에서 생산을 하지 않을 뿐만 아니라 수출도 하지 않기 때문이다.

[연구]

For many big names in consumer product brands, exporting and producing overseas with local labor and for local tastes have been the right thing to do.(주제문) In doing so, the companies found a way to improve their cost structure, to grow in the rapidly expanding consumer markets in emerging countries. But, Sweets Co. remains stuck in the domestic market. **Even though its products are loaded with preservatives, which means they can endure long travel to distant markets, Sweets Co. _____, let alone produce overseas.** The unwillingness or inability to update its business strategy and products for a changing world is clearly damaging to the company.

- ① is intent on importing
- ② does very little exporting
- ③ has decided to streamline operations
- ④ is expanding into emerging markets

① is intent on importing

② **does very little exporting**

③ has decided to streamline operations

④ is expanding into emerging markets