

(A)

영어

(1번~20번)

(7급)

\* 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은? (1~2)

1. They found mimicking the condescending interviewer did not negatively affect participants' ratings of that person.

- ① patronizing                    ② esteeming  
③ mitigating                    ④ invigorating

2. Many of us attempt to rewrite our personal stories to present ourselves in the best light. Indeed, we are almost universally liable to such a behavior.

- ① reluctant                    ② appreciated  
③ comprehensive              ④ prone

\* 빈칸에 들어가기 가장 적절한 단어는? (3~4)

3. A building or other object that is \_\_\_\_\_ is so strong or solid that it cannot be broken or captured.

- ① irredeemable                ② indispensable  
③ immaculate                 ④ impregnable

4. *The Diary of Anne Frank* has been read by millions. People are drawn to the story of Anne and her family because it reminds us that the human spirit has enormous \_\_\_\_\_ even in the face of terrifying evil.

- ① superficiality              ② recklessness  
③ resiliency                  ④ haughtiness

\* 빈칸에 들어가기 가장 적절한 것은? (5~6)

5. A : Hello. May I speak to Arthur Lee, please?  
B : I'm sorry. He's in a meeting right now. Can I take a message?  
A : Yes. This is Pam Haddon. Mr. Lee called me earlier and left a message. \_\_\_\_\_. Can you please tell him that I'm back in my office now?

- ① I am sorry.  
② I appreciate it.  
③ I'm just returning his call.  
④ Thank you very much for what he has done for me.

6. A : All these streets around here have these mysterious communal gardens in the middle of them. They're like little villages.  
B : Let's go in.  
A : Ah, no—that's the point—they're private villages—only the people who live around the edges are allowed in.  
B : Oh, \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Do you ignore the rules like that?  
② Do you abide by rules like that?  
③ Do you make it a rule to go there like that?  
④ Do you act contrary to the rules like that?

\* 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은? (7~11)

7. The ①adaptation of mammals ②to almost all possible ③modes of life parallels ④those of the reptiles in Mesozoic time.

8. Innovation, business is now learning, is likely ①to find ②wherever bright and eager ③people think ④they can find it.

9. There are people who ①through no fault of their own are deprived ②of some of the fundamental rights ③that all human beings are supposed to have ④them.

10. It's time for Major League Baseball to go to an expanded roster, one ①that makes sense for the way the game has evolved. Make it a 25-man game roster, but expand the overall roster to 28. Major League Baseball spokesman Pat Courtney said there ②has been discussions on the topic but nothing has been advanced. Yet the dialogue continues, and ③as the game evolves into one in which players keep getting hurt, it would behoove MLB ④to create a roster that fits the times.

11. ①Unless scientists discover new ways ②to increase food production, the Earth ③will not be able to satisfy the food needs of all ④their inhabitants.

\* 다음 [ ] 안의 문장이 들어가기 가장 적절한 곳은? (12~14)

12. [Yet even in families, the mother and children may feel their home to be "backstage" when Father is not home, and "onstage" when he is.]

Report-talk, or what I am calling public speaking, does not arise only in the literally public situation of formal speeches delivered to a listening audience. The more people there are in a conversation, the less well you know them, and the more status differences among them, the more a conversation is like public speaking or report-talk. ① The fewer the people, the more intimately you know them, and the more equal their status, the more it is like private speaking or rapport-talk. ② Furthermore, women feel a situation is more public—in the sense that they have to be on good behavior—if there are men present, except perhaps for family members. ③ Many children are instructed to be on good behavior when Daddy is home. ④ This may be because he is not home often, or because Mother—or Father—doesn't want the children to disturb him when he is.

13. [Most scientists believe, for example, that all matter is composed of curious particles called quarks.]

Despite the prevailing conception of science as being concerned only with facts, science seems to be full of opinions and interpretations. ① Moreover, the development of scientific theories is seldom a process of first observing a lot of facts and then making straightforward generalizations from these observations. ② Richard Feynman, a Nobel Prize winner in physics, emphasized the importance of imagination and guessing in science. ③ The existence of quarks was first hypothesized in 1963. But no scientist has ever seen a quark. So why do they believe that quarks exist? ④ They believe it because some ingenious scientists invented quarks, noticing that if quarks did exist, they could explain some other puzzling things.

14. [Many of these children visit our glasshouses, such as the Palm House, where they find cocoa, oranges, bananas and vanilla and the Cactus House, where they can escape to the desert.]

Today, people of all ages and backgrounds use the Garden. ① Undergraduates studying biological sciences and related subjects at the University of Oxford visit the Garden to learn about many aspects of plant biology. ② Over 6,500 school children visit the Garden each year as part of our School's Education Program. ③ Through-life-learning at the Garden ensures that adults as well as children can benefit from the Garden's Education Program. ④ Each year more than 5,000 adults attend courses and tours at the Garden to learn more about botany, horticulture and gardening.

15. 빈칸에 들어갈 단어가 순서대로 짹아진 것은?

Corot, like many other artists, had sketched outdoors but used his sketches to create works in the studio. These works had the finish, particularly with regard to paint handling and compositional balance, that was an integral element of academic art. The impressionists, \_\_\_\_\_, not only made sketches but also painted finished works in the open, which transformed their style but preserving the spontaneity of direct observation. They adopted colors that more accurately reflected actual visual experience and avoided using blacks and browns for shadows and modeling. \_\_\_\_\_, their paintings emphasized color, light, and atmospheric effects. Moreover, their relatively loose and open brushwork underscored their freedom from the meticulously detailed academic manner that previously had been central to French painting.

- ① however, As a result ② therefore, As a result  
③ therefore, For example ④ however, For example

- \* 문맥상 빈칸에 들어가기 가장 적절한 것은? (16~17)

16. Since antiquity, paintings, sculpture, myths, oral expression, and then literature attests to the existence of dance. Dance is embedded in our being. Even when not physically manifest, the concept and vision of dance emerge in our thinking. The dynamics of dance, culture, and society are \_\_\_\_\_. Drawing upon everyday life and special occasions, choreographers and dancers transform and frame values, beliefs, and expressions of them through dancing. In this way, they also introduce new ways of thinking and feeling.

- ① illegible ② inseparable ③ irrelevant ④ improbable

- 17.

In the science of psychophysics, there is a law (the Weber-Fechner law) that relates the objective value of stimulation (a light, a sound, a touch) to its subjective value (the sensation we feel). The gist of it is that \_\_\_\_\_ the total amount of stimulation. If there are two candles lit in a room, we easily notice the difference in brightness when a third candle is lit. But if there are fifty candles burning, we are unlikely to notice the difference made by a fifty-first. If there is less total stimulation, each small change makes more of a difference, or in Gregory Bateson's phrase, it's a difference that makes a difference.

- ① our knowledge accumulates as a result of  
② our sensitivity diminishes in proportion to  
③ the objective value of stimulation depends on  
④ the difference caused by a subtle change affects

18. 다음 글의 내용으로 보아 현재 과체중인 아이들의 비율은?

The American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) is worried that American children spend too much time in front of the TV. The AAP suggests that pediatricians help parents evaluate their children's entertainment habits. Doctors are concerned that children who spend too much time in front of the TV don't get enough exercise. So, one in five children is overweight. In the last 20 years, this number has increased more than 50%.

- ① 10% ② 20% ③ 30% ④ 50%

- \* 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (19~20)

With more fresh food available year-round, one might think that everyone's diet would improve. However, this is clearly not the case as more and more people eat food that is far from fresh and far from healthy. According to the *Academic American Encyclopedia*, in the United States, about 40% of the calories that people consume come from fat and about 20% come from sugar. Fat and sugar crowd out others, more nutritious foods. This can lead to deficiencies in iron, calcium, complex carbohydrates, and fibers—which in turn can cause a number of health problems.

19. 다음 중 지문의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

- ① People avoid nutritious foods because of fat and sugar.  
② People get more calories from sugar than from fat.  
③ Nutritious foods are those that are far from fresh and healthy.  
④ As people have more fresh food, their diet has become better.

20. 다음 중 위 글에서 말하는 영양결핍을 야기하는 주된 요소는?

- ① sugar  
② fiber  
③ fat  
④ iron