2014.06.21 지방직 9급 공무원 영어 시험

빠른 합격을 원한다면 공무원 영어 1위 이동기 영어

### 총평

전반적인 난이도는 예년과 비슷한 수준이라고 볼 수 있으며 올해 국가직 9급 시험과 비교해 봐도 비슷한 수준으로 볼 수 있습니다.

난이도가 높았던 독해 두 문제 정도를 제외하고는 난이도 중~하 수준의 문제였습니다. 따라서 올해 국가직 9급 시험과 합격점이 비슷할 것으로 보이며 직렬마다 다르겠지만 영어점수만을 가지고 말씀드리면 80점을 기준으로 합격권이 형성되어 85점 이상이면 합격이 무난하고, 80점이면 합격가능권, 75점 이하면 다른 과목의 도움이 많이 필요한 점수라고 분석됩니다. 물론 다른 과목의 점수를 제외한 영어점수만 놓고 보면 말이죠.

### 영역별 분석 및 대책

(1) 어휘, 표현, 생활영어 - 몇 년간 시험문제가 그러했듯 역시 기출의 범위를 벗어나지 않았습니다. 따라서 기출 어휘, 표현만 확실하게 암기하고 그 중 최빈출 어휘만 시험전에 확실하게 암기했다면 매우 수월하게 해결하고 고득점을 받을 수 있던 문제였습니다. 특히 생활영어는 매우 수월한 편이었습니다. 다만 기출어휘를 모두 암기하지 않거나, 반복학습으로 확실하게 암기하지 않았다면 어려울 수 있는 문제도 몇몇 있었습니다. 따라서 무작정 많은 단어의 암기보다는 기출어휘,표현,동사구 3000개를 중심으로 집중학습하는 선택과 집중이무엇보다 중요합니다.

다만 짚고 넘어갈 것은 독해 지문 중 어휘 문제 유형이 2문제 출제되었고, 이런 문제유형은 매 시험마다 출제, 증가하는 추세이니 이에 대한 대비도 필요합니다.

- (2) 문법: 난이도 중~하의 문제들이었으며 출제된 문법포인트도 역시 기출문제 중 빈출 문법 포인트를 벗어나지 않았습니다. 주어-동사 수 일치, However + 형용사/부사의 양보표현, 병렬, 명사-대명사 수 일치 등 빈출 포인트가 출제되었습니다. 역시 앞으로의 문법 학습방식이 백과사전식 모든 문법 이론과 사항들을 암기하는 것이 중심이 아닌 핵심문법 포인트에 대한 선택과 깊은 이해에 기반한 암기, 그리고 관련 문제에 대한 응용력 확대가 가장 중요하다고 볼 수 있습니다.
- (3) 독해: 밑줄 친 부분이 의미하는 바를 지문 내용 중 찾는 문제와 문장 삽입 문제 정도가 난이도 상의 문제였고, 그 외 문제는 중~하 수준의 문제였으며, 상당히 근거가 명백하고 논 란의 여지없는 수월하게 해결할 수 있는 문제였습니다. 역시 최근 시험에서 알 수 있듯 지 문의 길이가 매우 긴 지문이 반드시 2~3문제 출제되는 추세는 역시 이번 시험에서도 예외가 아니었습니다.

### 요약

결국 독해 2문제 정도의 문제를 제외하고는 상당히 수월한 문제였으니 전반적인 난이도는

| 수월한 편이라고 할 수 있겠죠. 다만 90점 이상 점수 획득은 쉽지 않았으리라 보입니다.   |
|---|
| A책형   |
| ※ 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오. [문 1 ~ 문 2]  |
| 문 1. Electric cars also are a key part of China's efforts to curb its <u>unquenchable</u> appetite for imported oil and gas, which communist leaders see as a strategic weakness. |
| <ol> <li>infallible</li> <li>aesthetic</li> <li>adolescent</li> <li>insatiable</li> </ol>   |
| [문제유형] 어휘<br>[난이도] 중<br>[정답] ④<br>[해설] unquenchable 충족시킬 수 없는<br>insatiable 만족시킬 수 없는, 채울 수 없는  |
| 문 2. John had just started working for the company, and he <u>was not dry behind the ears</u> yet. We should have given him a break.  |
| <ol> <li>did not listen to his boss</li> <li>knew his way around</li> <li>was not experienced</li> <li>was not careful</li> </ol>   |
| [문제유형] 표현<br>[난이도] 하<br>[해설] dry behind the ears 성숙한, 경험이 있는<br>[정답] ③ was not experienced  |
| ※ 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [문 3 ~ 문 4]  |
| $\Xi$ 3. If you are someone who is, you tend to keep your feelings hidden and do not like to show other people what you really think.   |

② loquacious

4 confident

[문제유형] 어휘

① reserved

3 eloquent

[난이도] 하

[정답] ① reserved

[해설] reserved 과묵한 [자신의 감정을 숨기고 다른 사람들에게 자신이 진짜 생각을 보이는 것을 좋아하지 않는]

문 4. How did you \_\_\_\_\_ selling cosmetics online?

1 go around

② go back

3 go down

4 go into

[문제유형] 어휘

[난이도] 중

[정답] ④ go into

[해설] go into 들어가다, 입문하다

문 5. 밑줄 친 우리말 문장을 영어로 가장 적절하게 옮긴 것은?

Goods for which the marginal costs are close to zero are inherently public goods and should be made publicly available. Bridges and roads are good examples. Once society has incurred the capital costs of constructing a bridge or road, maximum benefit from the initial investment is gained only if use is not restricted by charging. 따라서 사람들은 무료로 그러한 시설들을 이용할 수 있어야 한다.

- 1) Therefore, people freely such facilities must be able to use.
- 2 Hence, people should be allowed free access to such facilities.
- ③ Therefore, people must make access to such facilities without charging.
- 4 Hence, people should be given freedom to such facilities' accession.

[문제유형] 문법

[난이도] 중

[정답] ②

[해설] 주어 + allow people free access to such facilities의 수동태 형태

문 6. 다음 밑줄 친 부분의 설명으로 가장 적절한 문장은?

You'll never get a fair distribution of goods, or a satisfactory organization of human life, until you abolish private property altogether. So long as it exists, the vast majority of the human race, or the morally superior part of it, will inevitably go on laboring under the burden of poverty, hardship, and worry.

(A) Private property assumes that there's nothing wrong with your being rich, when your

neighbors all around you are poor. (B) When everyone's entitled to get as much for himself as he can, all available property is bound to fall into the hands of a small minority. (C) This means that everyone else is poor. (D) And wealth will tend to vary in inverse proportion to merit, since the rich will be totally useless greedy characters, while the poor will be simple, honest people whose daily work is profitable to the community.

② (B)

① (A)

③ (C) ④ (D)

[문제유형] 독해

[난이도] 상

[정답] ④

[해설] 도덕적으로 우수한 사람들 - (D)의 마지막 부분에 언급 '재산을 증식시키는 소수가 아닌 지역사회에 도움이 되는 일상의 일을 하는 정직하고 소박한 사람들'

# 문 7. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Experienced travel agents of yesterday are being rapidly replaced by new ones who have less firsthand knowledge of destinations. What this new breed faces are clients who do not know much about geography but have leisure time and money at their disposal. The solution is to equip these less knowledgeable travel agents with computer and video technology to help them match clients with right destinations.

- (A) The client then views video programs on those destinations that seem most appealing, and finalizes his or her vacation plan. This way, travel agencies use modern technology to compensate for the inexperience of many agents on their payroll.
- (B) Responses collected are fed into a computer program to produce a list of suggested destinations and itinerary options matched to the client's preferences.
- (C) The key is to ask a client about his or her preferred vacation in mind. Included might be specific requests the representatives of which are "I don't like to pack and unpack repeatedly," or "I don't like to quickly move around and see many things."
  - ① (A) (B) (C)
  - ② (A) (C) (B)
  - (B) (C) (A)
  - (4) (C) (B) (A)

[문제유형] 독해 - 글의 일관성

[난이도] 중

[정답] ④ (C) - (B) - (A)

[해설] (C) 고객에게 질문을 하고 (B) 그 수집된 답변을 컴퓨터에 입력해서 (C) 그럼 고객은

비디오 프로그램을 보면서 결정할 수 있다

문 8. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 것은?

His hiring concluded an exhaustive process that collected input from all segments of the university.

The selection as Heoha University's tenth president of Carlos Jimenez, the current chancellor at the University of Licafornia since 2008, was announced at the board of trustees meeting on March 15. (A) He will begin his term on July 1. (B) Faculty, students, and alumni were invited to nominate candidates. An advisory subcommittee also gathered input through 40 public forums held around the country. (C) The nominations were first narrowed to 100 names, then to 20 who received interviews, and then to five finalists. Board member Jeffrey Pinorius, who headed the search committee, said that Jimenez emerged as the clear choice. (D) "The presidential search committee was responsible for finding a leader with a clear vision and proven leadership skills required for running a highly complex organization," he added.

① (A) ② (B) ③ (C) ④ (D)

[문제유형] 독해 - 글의 일관성

[난이도] 상

[정답] ② (B)

[해설] 그의 채용은 대학의 모든 부분의 의견을 수집한 철저한 과정을 결론지었다.

## 문 9. 글의 논리적 흐름에 맞지 않는 문장은?

(A) Adventure travel is a hot trend in today's tourism industry. (B) Ordinary people are no longer content to spend two weeks away from their office lying on a sunny beach in Hawaii. (C) More and more often, they are choosing to spend their vacations rafting down wild rivers, hiking through steamy rain forests, climbing high mountains, or traversing slippery glaciers. (D) People of all ages are choosing educational study tours for their vacations.

① (A) ② (B) ③ (C) ④ (D)

[문제유형] 독해 - 글의 일관성 [난이도] 하 [정답] ④ (D) [해설] 전체 흐름은 모험 여행에 대한 사람들의 수요 증가이나 (D)는 교육적인 학습 여행에 대한 선호를 말하므로 어울리지 않음

문 10. 글의 요지를 가장 잘 나타낸 속담 또는 격언은?

The benefits of exercise extend far beyond physical health improvement. Many people work out as much for mental and spiritual well-being as for staying fit. Can being physically active make you happy? Can it help you deal with life stress? Can it lead to a more spiritual and religious life? For many, the answer is yes. Exercise, such as walking, increases blood flow to the brain. A study of people over 60 found that walking 45 minutes a day at 6 km/h enhanced the participants' thinking skills. They started at 15 minutes of walking and gradually increased exercise time and speed. The result was that the participants were found mentally sharper with this walking program.

- ① Practice makes perfect.
- 2 A sound mind in a sound body.
- 3 Experience is the best teacher.
- (4) Time and tide wait for no man.

[문제유형] 독해 - 요지

[난이도] 하

[정답] ② A sound mind in a sound body

[해설] 운동이 육체적 건강 뿐만 아니라 정신적 상태에도 도움이 된다

문 11. 다음 우리말 문장을 영어로 옮길 때 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은?

폭풍우 전에는 대체로 고요한 시기가 먼저 온다.

| Α | quiet | spell | usually | а | storm. |
|---|-------|-------|---------|---|--------|
|---|-------|-------|---------|---|--------|

- 1 pacifies
- ② precedes
- ③ presumes
- 4 provokes

[문제유형] 어휘

[난이도] 하

[정답] ②

[해설] precede 선행하다, 앞서가다

문 12. 다음 중 어법상 옳은 것은?

- 1) Many a careless walker was killed in the street. 2 Each officer must perform their duties efficient. 3 However you may try hard, you cannot carry it out. 4 German shepherd dogs are smart, alert, and loyalty. [문제유형] 문법 [난이도] 중 [정답] ① [해설] ① many a + 단수명사 + 단수동사 (O) ② each officer에 대한 대명사로 their (X) → his or her ③ However you may try hard → However hard you may try ④ ~ smart, alert, and loyalty → ~ and loyal [병렬] ※ 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [문 13 <sup>∼</sup> 문 15] 문 13. A tenth of the automobiles in this district alone stolen last year. (1) was 2 had been ③ were (4) have been [문제유형] 문법 [난이도] 하 [정답] ③ [해설] 주어가 분수 of + 명사일 경우 명사에 동사를 수일치 하므로 automobiles라는 복수명 사에 대해 복수형의 동사가 적합 last year라는 시간의 부사는 과거시제와 사용 따라서 were가 적합
- 문 14. A: How did you find your day at school today, Ben?
- B: I can't complain. Actually, I gave a presentation on drug abuse in my psychology class, and the professor \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A: What exact words did he use?

B: He said my presentation was head and shoulders above the others.

A: Way to go!

- 1) made some headway
- 2 made a splash
- 3 paid me a compliment
- 4 passed a wrong judgment

[문제유형] 생활영어

[난이도] 하

[정답] ③

[해설] 교수님께서 칭찬하셨다는 내용이므로 pay a compliment(칭찬하다)는 표현이 적합

문 15. A: Excuse me. I'm looking for Nambu Bus Terminal.

B: Ah, it's right over there.

A: Where?

B: Okay. Just walk down the street, and then turn right at the first intersection. The terminal's on your left. You can't miss it.

- 1) Could you be more specific?
- 2 Do you think I am punctual?
- 3 Will you run right into it?
- 4 How long will it take from here by car?

[문제유형] 생활영어

[난이도] 하

[정답] ①

[해설] 길을 묻고 길 안내에 대해 좀 더 자세히 설명해 달라는 요청이므로 Could you be more specific?이 적합

문 16. 다음 글을 쓴 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Last month felt like the longest in my life with all the calamities that took us by surprise. There was only one light at the end of the tunnel, and that light was you. I cannot begin to tell you how much your thoughtfulness has meant to me. I'm sure I was too tired to be thinking clearly, but each time you appeared to whisk my children off for an hour so that I could rest, or to bring a dinner with a pitcher of iced tea, all I knew was that something incredibly wonderful had just happened. Now that we are back to normal, I know that something incredibly wonderful was you. There are no adequate words to express thanks with, but gratefulness will always be in my heart.

- ① 어려움에 처한 사람을 격려하려고
- ② 아이들을 돌보아 줄 사람을 찾아 부탁하려고
- ③ 힘들 때 도와주었던 사람에게 감사하려고
- ④ 건강이 좋지 않았던 사람의 안부를 물으려고

[문제유형] 독해 - 글의 목적 [난이도] 하 [정답] ③

[해설] 어려운 상황에서 자신을 도와준 사람에게 보내는 감사의 글

※ 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [문 17 ~ 문 20]

⊞ 17. Unlike in the House of Representatives, representation in the Senate is equal for every state: each state has two senators. Senators serve six-year terms. The purpose of the guaranteed term is to insulate senators from public opinion and allow them to act independently. In regard to the selection, public servants in the Senate used to be \_\_\_\_\_\_ by the legislatures of the states they represented. It was the Seventeenth Amendment, ratified in 1913, that gave Americans the power to elect their own senators directly.

1 appointed

2 applauded

3 appeased

4 appealed

[문제유형] 어휘, 독해

[난이도] 중

[정답] ① appointed

[해설] 빈칸 뒤의 내용에 따르면 미국인들이 직접 국회의원을 선출한 것은 바로 1913년 인준된 7차 헌법 개정에 의한 것이라고 말하므로, 그 전에는 국민의 직접선출이 아닌 입법부에 의한 지명이라고 추론하는 것이 맞겠다. 따라서 지명하다를 의미하는 appoint의 과거분사인 appointed가 적합하다.

⊞ 18. There are ninety-two naturally occurring elements on Earth, plus a further twenty or so that have been created in labs. Not a few of our earthly chemicals are surprisingly little known. Astatine, for instance, is practically unstudied. It has a name and a place on the periodic table, next to Marie Curie's polonium, but almost nothing else. The problem is \_\_\_\_\_\_. There just is not much astatine out there. The most elusive element of all, however, appears to be francium, which is so scarce that it is thought that our entire planet may contain, at any given moment, fewer than twenty francium atoms. Altogether only about thirty of the naturally occurring elements are widespread on Earth.

1) acidity

(2) rarity

3 toxicity

4 compatibility

[문제유형] 어휘, 독해

[난이도] 중

[정답] ② rarity

[해설] 빈칸 뒤의 설명을 보면 astatine(방사능 원소 중 하나)가 많지 않다고 말하면서 가장 찾기 힘든 원소라고 설명하므로 희귀성을 의미하는 rarity가 적합하다.

 $\Xi$  19. The best way to develop ideas is through \_\_\_\_(A)\_\_\_ with your fellow managers. This brings us back to the importance of teamwork and interpersonal skills. One of the biggest problems today is that most managers have too much information. The key to success is not information. It's \_\_\_\_(B)\_\_\_. And those I look for to fill top management spots are eager beavers, the guys who try to do more than they're expected to.

② breaking management③ interfering technicians

4 working skills

[문제유형] 독해 - 빈칸 완성

[난이도] 중

[정답] ① (A) interacting - (B) people

 $\pm$  20. Why do we reach for a candy bar at the end of a heavy meal? We certainly are not hungry. Why do we like salt and other seasoning in our food? Soldiers who have been temporarily deprived of salt report that at its maximum intensity the craving for salt is more insistent than the desire for food itself. Cows and other livestock which are not receiving enough lime eat the bones of other animals to relieve the craving. These conditions are not thoroughly understood at present but it seems certain that somewhere in the body there are receptors which respond to the chemical conditions in the blood brought about by the absence of certain substances necessary for the body. When these receptors perceive such conditions, we have

- 1) an aversion to salty foods or sweets.
- 2 an appetite for particular substances needed.
- 3 an ability to prevent food-borne bone diseases.
- 4 an ambivalent sensory receptor for digestion.

[문제유형] 독해 - 빈칸 완성

[난이도] 중

[정답] ② an appetite for particular substances needed