

영 어

※ 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [문 1 ~ 문 2]

문 1. Given our awesome capacities for rationalization and self-deception, most of us are going to measure ourselves _____: I was honest with that blind passenger because I'm a wonder person. I cheated the sighted one because she probably has too much money anyway.

- ① harshly ② leniently ③ honestly ④ thankfully

문 2. Visaokay assists the Australian travel industry, corporations and government, and individuals by _____ the entire visa advice and visa issuance process. Visaokay minimizes the complexity and time delays associated with applying for and obtaining travel visas.

- ① appreciating ② aggravating ③ meditating ④ facilitating

※ 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 표현으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [문 3 ~ 문 4]

문 3. Tom: Frankly, I don't think my new boss knows what he is doing. Jack: He is young, Tom. You have to give him a chance. Tom: How many chances do I have to give him? He's actually doing terribly. Jack: _____ Tom: What? Where? Jack: Over there. Your new boss just turned around the corner.

- ① Speak of the devil ② I wish you good luck ③ Keep up the good work ④ Money makes the mare go

문 4. A: Look at this letter. B: Ah yes, I thought it was something official looking. You're being fined for exceeding the speed limit, it says. Why weren't you fined on the spot? A: _____ B: They're installing more and more of them around here. You're going to have to be more careful in future. A: You're not kidding. The fine is \$60.

- ① Because the spot was too busy to be fined ② Because I could not find any camera to take it ③ Because I already paid for it when I was fined ④ Because I was photographed by one of speed cameras

문 5. 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

Noise pollution ① is different from other forms of pollution in ② a number of ways. Noise is transient: once the pollution stops, the environment is free of it. This is not the case with air pollution, for example. We can measure the amount of chemicals ③ introduced into the air, ④ whereas is extremely difficult to monitor cumulative exposure to noise.

문 6. 어법상 옳은 것은?

- ① Few living things are linked together as intimately than bees and flowers. ② My father would not company us to the place where they were staying, but insisted on me going. ③ The situation in Iraq looked so serious that it seemed as if the Third World War might break out at any time. ④ According to a recent report, the number of sugar that Americans consume does not vary significantly from year to year.

문 7. 우리말을 영어로 옮긴 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① 그들이 10년간 살았던 집이 폭풍에 심하게 손상되었다. → The house which they have lived for 10 years badly damaged by the storm. ② 수학 시험에 실패했을 때에서야 그는 공부를 열심히 하기로 결심했다. → It was not until when he failed the math test that he decided to study hard. ③ 냉장고에 먹을 것이 하나도 남아있지 않아서, 어젯밤에 우리는 외식을 해야 했다. → We had nothing to eat left in the refrigerator, we had to eat out last night. ④ 우리는 운이 좋게도 그랜드캐니언을 방문했는데, 거기에는 경치가 아름다운 곳이 많다. → We were enough fortunate to visit the Grand Canyon, that has much beautiful landscape.

문 8. 우리말을 영어로 잘못 옮긴 것은?

- ① 나이가 들어가면 들어갈수록 그만큼 더 외국어 공부하기가 어려워진다. → The older you grow, the more difficult it becomes to learn a foreign language. ② 우리가 가지고 있는 학식이란 기껏해야 우리가 모르고 있는 것과 비교할 때 지극히 작은 것이다. → The learning and knowledge that we have is at the least but little compared with that of which we are ignorant. ③ 인생의 비밀은 좋아하는 것을 하는 것이 아니라 해야 할 것을 좋아하도록 시도하는 것이다. → The secret of life is not to do what one likes, but to try to like what one has to do. ④ 이 세상에서 당신이 소유하고 있는 것은 당신이 죽을 때 다른 누군가에게 가지만, 당신의 인격은 영원히 당신의 것일 것이다. → What you possess in this world will go to someone else when you die, but your personality will be yours forever.

문 9. 밑줄 친 표현과 의미가 가장 가까운 것은?

We need to iron out a few problems first. ① conceive ② review ③ solve ④ pose

문 10. 밑줄 친 ㉠과 ㉡에 공통으로 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은?

○ In Korea, the eldest son tends to ㉠ a lot of responsibility. ○ The same words ㉡ different meaning when said in different ways. ① take over ② take down ③ take on ④ take off

문 17. 다음 글을 요약한 문장에서 빈칸 ㉠, ㉡에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은?

Look at the following list of numbers: 4, 8, 5, 3, 9, 7, 6. Read them out loud and memorize that sequence. If you speak English, you have about a 50 percent chance of remembering that perfectly. If you're Chinese, though, you're almost certain to get it right every time. This is because pronouncing them in Chinese takes shorter time. In addition, the number-naming systems are in Western and Asian languages. In English, for example, they say fourteen and sixteen, so one might expect that they would also say oneteen and twoteen. But they don't. The number system in English is irregular. In contrast, Asians have logical counting systems. Those differences mean that Asian children learn to count much faster and perform basic functions better than Western children.



Being good at _____ ㉠ _____ may be rooted in the different _____ ㉡ _____ systems.

- | | |
|------------------|----------|
| ㉠ | ㉡ |
| ① pronunciations | counting |
| ② mathematics | language |
| ③ languages | name |
| ④ logic | culture |

문 18. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Late one night, Catherine Ryan Hyde was driving in Los Angeles. In a dangerous neighborhood, her car caught on fire. She got out. Three men ran toward her. She immediately felt afraid of them. They didn't hurt her, though. They put out the fire and called the fire department. When she turned to thank them, they were gone. Years later, that event became the subject of her novel called Pay It Forward. She never forgot that event. In the book, a teacher asks his students to "think of an idea for world change and put it into action." A boy named Trevor suggested doing kind acts for others. They used his ideas. Trevor's idea works like this. Someone chooses three people and does something nice for each one. In return, the recipients of that favor must do favors for three more people. In 2000, the novel inspired a movie.

- ① The Kindness of Strangers
- ② A Trauma in Early Childhood
- ③ A Movie which Influences Real Life
- ④ An Unintended Violation of Someone's Idea

문 19. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

It's long been part of folk wisdom that birth order strongly affects personality, intelligence and achievement. However, most of the research claiming that firstborns are radically different from other children has been discredited, and it now seems that any effects of birth order on intelligence or personality will likely be washed out by all the other influences in a person's life. In fact, the belief in the permanent impact of birth order, according to Toni Falbo, a social psychologist at the University of Texas at Austin, comes from the psychological theory that your personality is fixed by the time you're six. That assumption simply is incorrect. The better, later and larger studies are less likely to find birth order a useful predictor of anything. When two Swiss social scientists, Cecile Ernst and Jules Angst, reviewed 1,500 studies a few years ago they concluded that "birth order differences in personality are nonexistent in our sample. In particular, there is no evidence for a firstborn personality."

- ① A firstborn child is kind to other people.
- ② Birth order influences a person's intelligence.
- ③ An elder brother's personality is different from that of his younger brother.
- ④ Birth order has nothing to do with personality.

문 20. 주어진 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 것은?

He knew, though, he would never become an Olympic runner, so he looked for other sports that he could play.

Many people have faced great obstacles in their lives but have found ways to overcome and actually benefit from these obstacles. For example, Greg Barton, the 1984, 1988, and 1992 U.S. Olympic medalist in kayaking, was born with a serious disability. (A) He had deformed feet, his toes pointed inward, and as a result, he could not walk easily. Even after a series of operations, he still had limited mobility. (B) Even so, Greg was never defeated. First, he taught himself to walk, and even to run. Then, he competed in his high school running team. (C) Happily, he discovered kayaking, a perfect sport for him because it required minimal leg and foot muscles. Using his upper body strength, he was able to master the sport. (D) Finally, after many years of training and perseverance, Greg made the 1984 Olympic team.

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| ① A | ② B |
| ③ C | ④ D |